FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—Oct. 20

Sun Rises	6.11 A M
Sun Sets	5.16 P M
Day's Length	11 h 05 m
High Water at Southport	3 06 A M
High Water at Wilmington	3.48 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 20.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature, 8 a. m., 61°; 8 p. m., 66°; maximum, 73°; minimum, 57°; mean, 64°.

Rainfall for the day, 1.88; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 2.25.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. October 19, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The Gulf storm has moved slowly northeast to central over Florida, causing general rain to fall northeast to Washington, being heavy over the North and South Carolina coast. Light rain has fallen also over the Ohio valley and the upper lakes. Fair weather continues over the Tennessee valley and the southwest and central western sections. The barometer has fallen generally over all portions of the country, the high area continuing over the Middle States, but greatly diminished in weight. The storm will continue to move slowly along the coast northeast, causing showers Wednesday over this locality.

Local forecast for Wednesday. Showers, followed by clearing weather; northerly winds, becoming westerly.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rain has fallen generally over the cotton belt east of the Mississippi river, while fair weather has prevailed elsewhere. It has been general and heavy over Georgia, Florida and South Carolina. Heavy rainfalls occurred as follows: Savannah, Ga., 3.00; Gainesville, Fla., 1.64; Jacksonville, Fla., 1.24; Charleston, S. C., 1.30 inches.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Oct. 18.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 0.3 feet.

OUTLINES.

Some of the survivors of the wrecked Spanish steamer Triton have arrived at Havana; so far only 49 of the 280 persons on board have been heard from. —— Three small children burned to death in Lunenburg, Va. —— The Government armor plate board left Birmingham yesterday for Sheffield. —— The annual convention of the American Federation of Labor will be held in Nashville, December 13th. —— The American Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents is in session at St. Louis. —— Van Wyck leads in the betting on the N. Y. Stock Exchange with odds of two to one that he will win in the race for the mayoralty of Greater New York. —— The Servian cabinet has resigned. —— The jury in the Luetgert case are still locked up; unable to agree upon a verdict; the opinion is that there is no probability of an agreement, the jury standing eight for conviction and four for acquittal. —— Geo. M. Pullman, the palace car magnate, died yesterday at his home in Chicago, of heart trouble; his wealth is variously estimated at twelve to thirty million dollars —— Two expeditions with arms and munitions for the Cuban army sailed from Texas ports; two other expeditions expected to sail from New York. —— Cubans claim to have 60,000 men under arms; say they will accept nothing but freedom, and all they want of the United States is belligerent rights. —— The yellow fever situation at New Orleans shows little change; there were four deaths and 43 new cases yesterday; Mobile reports five new cases, no deaths; two new cases at Montgomery; at Edwards, Miss., four new cases; one case at Clinton, Miss. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2½ and closed offered at 2½@3½ per cent.; cotton dull—middling 6 5 16c; flour fairly active and steady; wheat—spot steady; No. 2 red 97⅝c afloat; corn—spot weak; No. 2 30⅝c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.40 @1.45; spirits turpentine steady at 32½@33c.

The presumption is that Hon. David B. Hill is still "a Democrat." But he hasn't come down from his roost yet.

Gen. Weyler has the permission of his government to go home at any time and is not required to stand on ceremony.

It would be quite interesting at this stage of the proceedings, especially for Mr. Luetgert, if Mrs. L. should put in an appearance.

Ex-Queen Lil. is suffering with cold which threatens to turn to pneumonia, the result, probably, of the freeze out she got while in Washington.

One of the New York candidates is accused of saying "to h—ll with reform." He says he didn't say it. Perhaps he only thought it, and they threw an X ray on him.

Karl Decker, who rescued Evangelina, is a handsome fellow and was at one time an actor. Perhaps that accounts for his playing his part so well in the Cisneros drama.

There are some pretty high fliers in Boston. They broke the record one day last week by sending a kite up 10,900 feet. They sailed it with wire. How is that for high?

Some of the Democratic papers in Ohio are howling about colonizing, bulldozing, &c., by the Republicans, which might lead an outsider to conclude that the Republicans stand a pretty good chance of coming out on top.

THE MORNING STAR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 25. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,415

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

In Ohio the negroes have a full State ticket, composed entirely of men of their own race. It is called the "Negro Protection" ticket, and the petition to place it on the official ballot was signed by 10,845 voters. These were nearly all negroes, and if the ticket is supported by those only who signed the petition it may cause trouble in the Republican camp. There are 30,000 negro voters in the State, and the nomination of the ticket results from a failure of the Republican white bosses to give the negroes proper recognition in dealing out political pie.

The Democrats of North Carolina must be made to realize that if they lose the State again next year and the Republicans carry the country again in 1900, there will be ten negro office-holders in this State where there is one now. The negroes of North Carolina cast about three-fourths of the Republican vote of the State, and whatever they may have done heretofore, they are now beginning to properly estimate their power, and, with continued Republican success, will make demands of their white leaders to which the latter will be compelled to yield.

An enthusiastic church member in Philadelphia has got himself into a nice pickle, just because he failed to consult his arithmetic. He gave $1 to his church on the anniversary of his birth and pledged himself to double each donation on each anniversary for the rest of his life. If he should live for twenty-five years this would take about $16,000,000 out of him.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* wants Mr. Hanna "to show his hand." Mr. Hanna is no scub green player as that. He doesn't run 'em up his sleeve and then show up until he sees what the other fellow holds. We are surprised that the *Enquirer* doesn't know Hanna better than that.

When Associate Justice Field goes on the retired list December 1st he will have broken the record as a good sticker, by several months, having served longer than either Chief Justice Marshall or Justice Story, each of whom served about thirty-four years.

They are finding gold all around now. In Pennsylvania the other day they tapped ore on an old fellow's farm which is said to be worth $10.26 a barrel. Now he's going to quit raising potatoes and other truck and is going to raising rock, and expects to do a smashing business.

A contemporary remarks that it is strange how many people live long, with fairly good health, although constantly violating hygienic laws. Some people are born obstinate and persist in living and having good health in spite of rules and regulations.

The well to-do Englishman believes in having his head properly tiled. There are 12,000,000 silk hats made every year in England and yet the Prince of Wales has got to wearing a pea green Alpine hat with a rooster's feather in it.

The question has often been asked "What becomes of the pins?" but no one ever asks "What becomes of the needles?" One town in Germany uses 800 tons of steel wire annually in making needles, and turns out 4,500,000,000 of them.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. R. BELLAMY—No substitution.
W. B. COOPER—A. and H. Soda.
MASONIC—Meeting St. John's Lodge.
KING GROCERY CO—Fresh buckwheat

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. H. Lewis, of Hamlet, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. H. Moss, of Malmo, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. A. Brady, of Greenville, was among yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. W. H. White, of Hamlet, was among yesterday's visitors in the city.

— Mr. Wade Wishart, of Whiteville, was a visitor at this office yesterday.

Marriage This Evening.

At 8 30 o'clock this evening Miss Emma D. C. Giesmeyer and Mr. Henry Gieschen, two popular young people of this city, will be joined together as man and wife, the ceremony taking place at St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Association will be held to night.

— The schooner *Rebecca R. Douglass* was reported off the bar Monday. She was in search of harbor.

— It is said that Asheville has seventy-four lawyers. But New Orleans and Mobile have something worse than that.

— The man who has been complaining about the drought must have found yesterday entirely to his satisfaction.

— The STAR is informed that Wilmington Typographical Union No. 309 has surrendered its charter and disbanded.

— The Fall and Winter millinery opening of the handsome establishment of Messrs. Johnson & Fore commenced last night and will continue to-day.

— Inspectors W. H. Gannon and E. E. Groom, of Charleston, were here yesterday on their way to Morehead City. On their return they will inspect some of the boats here.

— Messrs. Saunders & Marshall, commission merchants, of this city, have been appointed wholesale agents for the sale of the oysters of the Eastern Carolina Piscatorial Association.

John W. Thomas Day.

The management of the Tennessee Centennial Exposition have decided to bestow some of its honors on one to whom "honor is due," and have named October 28th as "John W. Thomas Day." And who is John W. Thomas? He is President of the Centennial Exposition and has labored for its success with signal ability and tireless energy. Not only this—he is one of the most conspicuous and successful railroad men in the country. He is President of the Western and Atlantic and of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railways, and is known to and admired by nearly every railroader in the country. There will be a mammoth industrial parade on the occasion, and the railroad people, ably seconded by the management, will see that "John W. Thomas Day" is a "Red Letter" Day.

A Rainy Day.

Yesterday was nothing short of a rainy day. The leaden skies upon which people looked early in the morning had every appearance of being ready to pour forth a deluge at any moment. It was, however, as late as ten o'clock before the first drop fell. The rain came lightly at first, but increased in violence until by dinner it was coming down in a steady pour which promised to last all day and all night.

The rain is probably along the coast mainly and will not immediately affect to any considerable degree the water in the Cape Fear river, but it will do a world of good in the city and surrounding country. It is really the first time that the drought has been broken. But it is broken quite effectually this time.

They Had Passed Through Atlanta, Therefore Were Not Welcome in Wilmington.

Two passengers on the Carolina Central train yesterday bound for Wilmington didn't see as much of the city as they would have liked or as much as they might have seen even considering the inclemency of the weather. The trouble was that in their travels they passed through Atlanta and that fact made the Wilmington quarantine operate against them. They were halted at Navassa and detained there until late in the afternoon, when in charge of an officer they were brought to the A. C. L. depot and allowed to take the 7.15 north-bound train.

Masonic Reception.

To-night at 8 o'clock at the Lodge Room of St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. Masons, will give a Masonic reception to Rev. T. Page Ricaud in honor of his 78th birth day, and as an appreciation of his life and character and a slight indication of the esteem in which he is held by his brethren of the order and the services he has rendered the craft in his membership of a little over 58 years. Refreshments will be served and as the members of the other two Masonic Lodges of the city are expected to attend and participate, a very enjoyable time is expected.

Sociable at Hibernian Hall To-night.

All in search of enjoyment can find it to-night at Hibernian Hall, on Third street, where a delightful sociable, under the auspices of the Hibernian Benevolent Society, will be in progress, and all who are aware of the many pleasant entertainments given by this society in the past will be assured of a good time this evening. Choice refreshments will be served, and a string band will be on hand to gratify the wishes of those who love the terpsichorean art.

Taken to Southport for Interment.

The remains of the late Walter A. Galloway were taken to Southport yesterday morning on the steamer *Wilmington* which left here at 9.30 o'clock. The pall bearers were Messrs. J. Wannamaker, G. Silvey, E. A. Hughes, Jas. Padrick, W. H. Hancammon and E. O. Allen. The family of the deceased with a number of his friends, accompanied the remains to Southport, where the interment was made in the family burying ground.

The Seaboard Air Line has named a special rate for its excursion to Nashville on the 26th of this month of one-half cent a mile travelled, good going on the special train only, but can be used on any train returning. This makes the rate from Wilmington $7.35 for the round trip.

AUDIT AND FINANCE.

Proceedings of the Regular Meeting of the Board Held Yesterday.

The Board of Audit and Finance met in regular session yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, H. C. McQueen, C. W. Yates and Jno. H. Webber being present.

On motion of Mr. Yates Mr. McQueen was elected chairman *pro tem* to act in the stead of Chairman W. H. Chadbourn, who was absent.

A bill of Col. Roger Moore for $71 25 for brick used for paving in front of residences of C. W. Polvogt, Mrs. Bissenger and F. W. Ortmann, was referred to the Board of Aldermen.

Action on appropriation of $4 000 made by the Board of Aldermen at a recent meeting for payment for the driving of an artesian well was deferred.

The city treasurer was instructed to pay notes of the city amounting to $20,000, due November 1st, 1897.

Bills were audited and approved as follows: Current expenses, $836.98; interest, $4.66.

The Board then adjourned, subject to the call of the chairman.

Magistrates' Courts.

Justice Bunting disposed of two cases yesterday.

Ed. Mills, colored, was arraigned, charged with assaulting Ed. Johnson, also colored, with a deadly weapon, but Judge Bunting decided that they were both, defendant and prosecutor, guilty of an affray, and placed each of them under a $25 bond to answer for their appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court. Both Mills and Johnson gave the required bond. Mills was then placed on trial, charged with committing an assault and battery on Oscar Stamps, colored, and was adjudged guilty, but judgment was suspended upon payment of cost.

Before Justice McGowan W. W. Singletary and Martha Dudley, both colored, were tried and adjudged not guilty of fornication and adultery.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—598 bales cotton, 46 bbls tar, 22 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—2,798 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 34 bbls rosin, 75 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—178 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 71 bbls rosin, 87 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—313 bales cotton, 43 casks spirits turpentine, 57 bbls rosin, 68 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 3,781 bales; spirits turpentine, 61 casks; rosin, 169 bbls; tar, 226 bbls; crude turpentine, 27 bbls.

Cutting Scraps at a Saw Mill.

Yesterday afternoon shortly before 1 o'clock, Andrew Hultey, colored, stabbed Frank Osborne, also colored, in the back, twice, with a knife, inflicting severe and painful wounds. The stabbing took place at the mill of the Cape Fear Lumber Company, at Hilton, where both Osborne and his assailant worked. It seems that during the latter part of yesterday morning Hutley and Osborne got into a war of words, and the former attempted to assault the latter with an axe. Hultey was discharged from the employ of the company and left the mill, but during dinner hour returned and quietly walked up behind Osborne and stabbed him in the back twice with a knife and then made his escape. The injured man was immediately brought down town and medical aid summoned.

Board of Health Meeting.

A called meeting of the Board of Health was held yesterday morning at 10 o'clock at the office of Dr. W. D. McMillan, superintendent of health, to discuss the advisability of allowing Mr. and Mrs. W. A. French, of this city, and their daughter, Mrs. E. Richards, of New Orleans, La., to come to this city from Greenville Sound, where the entire party is now under quarantine (as told in the STAR). It was decided, however, to postpone the discussion until ten days have elapsed from the time the party arrived in the city, on the evening of the 14th inst.

The meeting then adjourned.

British Steamship Haxby.

The British steamship *Haxby*, 2,352 tons, Captain Finney, arrived yesterday to load cotton from the Champion Compress. This is the fourteenth cotton steamer this season and the total tonnage is 26,118 tons. Up to October 20th of last year there had been twelve cotton steamers in port, aggregating a net tonnage of 21,816.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 30 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

The Cars Were Stopped Last Night.

People waited in vain for the street cars last night. They were not running except at intervals. The trouble lay in the unusual brackishness of the water with which the boilers are supplied. The effect of the use of brackish water is an excessive foaming, which weakens the electric current.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

Maxton Fair.

The Eighth Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 27, 28, 29.

W. B. HARKER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PAID FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Requirements of the Insurance Association as Approved and Recommended to the Board of Aldermen by the Local Board of Underwriters.

WILMINGTON, N. N., Oct. 18, 1897.

Messrs. F. H Stedman, J. H Boatwright and C. C. Chadbourn, Committee, Wilmington, N. C.

GENTLEMEN: Complying with the request of Mayor Wright and Mr. Chadbourn, chairman of the Committee of Audit and Finance, I beg to hand you herewith a copy of the requirements for the equipment of a full paid fire department, and would advise that should these recommendations be adopted and put into effect the basis rates for insurance will be sixty cents, instead of seventy five cents, which is now the figure used.

Referring to the present equipment of the department, I find that the apparatus consists of three fire engines, one fifty feet extension hook and ladder truck, and four hose reels, carrying in all about 3,900 feet of hose, all of which have been in service for a considerable length of time.

Supplementing the printed requirements referred to above, I would state that with the view of avoiding as much as possible any additional expense, two of the present hose reels might be retained temporarily, and one hose wagon to carry a thousand feet of hose be purchased. It will be necessary for all of the hose now in use to be put to the required test before being accepted as serviceable for the proposed department.

Each engine must be manned with not less than four men, which will include the engineer and fireman. Each hose reel or wagon must have not less than the same number of men, the services of whom must be entirely employed as firemen, in accordance with the printed requirements already referred to.

It is understood that the fire-alarm telegraph will be placed in first-class order, the work that was commenced by Mr. McIlhenny before his death to be continued and completed in the same manner in which he had commenced it. This fire-alarm system should be in charge of a competent electrician, whose entire time should be engaged to keep the system in order.

The most important matter for your consideration will be the selection of a chief to take charge of the department. He should be a man skilled in the handling of fires and in control of the men under him. His selection should be guided by his qualities as a fireman, and for no political reason. The selection of the men under him should be left largely to his knowledge of the men themselves, and he of course should be held responsible for the proper service of the department. I call this to your attention especially because it is regarded by the insurance companies as the principal consideration in granting the reduced rates for a full paid fire department.

The minor details of the equipment of the department, such as nozzles, straight and shut-off and such improvements as from time to time commend themselves to an enterprising and ambitious Chief, will of course be included in the equipment of your proposed department. These matters are all of trifling expense compared with the valuable service they render, and it is fully expected that such as you are not now in possession of will be from time to time supplied.

You will note the requirement of "a chemical engine of sufficient capacity to handle small fires." This was not referred to in our conference with the Mayor and Mr. Chadbourn, but the possession of one of these engines is regarded as of very great importance, and I would suggest that the fire engine now in service which is regarded as of least use, should be taken out of service and held in reserve and that a chemical engine be put in place of the same to be used for such small fires as would not require the services of the fire engine.

In conclusion, I beg to state that if there is any matter about which you wish to consult me that has been omitted in the above, I shall take pleasure in giving you any information that you may need. Respectfully,

JAMES S. MIDDLETON.

The above report is unanimously recommended and respectfully referred to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, by the local board of underwriters.

C. C. CHADBOURN,
Act. Sec.

FIRST CLASS CITY.

To secure the rating of the first class, a city must have the following equipment:

STREETS—Streets must be well paved.

DEPARTMENT—Must have full paid fire department, with paid chief. Firemen to be on duty at all times, day and night. Department to be also equipped with a sufficient number of well-trained horses to draw apparatus to fires, and to be used for no other purpose.

WATER-WORKS. Adequate water-works, either standard Gravity Pressure or Holly System, with standard mains, and pressure to throw water over the highest buildings.

STEAMERS—A sufficient number of steamers to supplement the water-works in cases of large fires or very tall buildings.

HOSE WAGONS.—A sufficient number of hose wagons to carry a supply of hose large enough to meet any ordinary demands on the department.

HOSE—A sufficient quantity of approved 2½ inch hose to fully equip each hose wagon with 2,000 feet, and in addition to leave a good amount in reserve at engine house. Hose to be tested to stand a pressure of 300 pounds before acceptance, and to be regularly tested every three months to see that it is in good condition.

NOZZLES AND RELEASE VALVES.—Each hose wagon to be equipped with two straight nozzles, and ends of different sizes; also two cut-off nozzles, or cut-off nozzle ends. Should also be equipped with release valves, to be used at plugs, to take the pressure off of hose when shut-off nozzles are closed.

EXTINQUISHERS.—Each hose wagon and hook and ladder truck should be equipped with one or more chemical extinguishers of approved make.

HOOK AND LADDER.—A sufficient number of hook and ladder apparatus to meet the demands of the territory to be covered, should be provided. The weight of trucks to be determined by the service to be performed. In all large cities, where tall buildings exist, an aerial truck, of approved make, should be provided.

CHEMICAL ENGINE.—A chemical engine of sufficient capacity to handle small fires will be required.

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM.—An approved fire-alarm system, with a sufficient number of stations to fully cover all of the territory under the protection of the department. Indicators to be provided at all fire department houses, and at the house of the chief. Where a large territory is covered, the system should be divided into circuits and controlled by a repeater. This would avoid the danger of a part of the system getting out of order and thus deranging the whole system.

HORRIBLE CRIME AT ROCKY MOUNT.

An Attempted Assault on a Young Lady Near the Public Highway.

ROCKY MOUNT, N. C., Oct. 19.

It is seldom that the people of any community are so enraged as the people of Rocky Mount are over the recent attempted outrage on Miss Cora Yarborough, the adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. B. Barnes. The crime seems the more horrible from the fact that it was committed by Jno. B Barnes, the man to whom she looked for fatherly protection.

The facts are as follows: Miss Yarborough had been with Barnes to the Tar River Baptist Association. On their return home, about five miles from Rocky Mount, it seems that Barnes attempted to kiss her, which she resented, and told him if he attempted to do so again she would jump out of the buggy.

Upon a second attempt Miss Yarborough leaped from the buggy, when Barnes followed her and attempted an outrage on her person. She made all the resistance she could and was screaming for help, when two buggies drove up and several men came to her relief, which prevented the unmentionable crime from being committed.

When Barnes found out he was caught, he said: "Well, men, I am caught; my passion overcame me, is the only reason I can give for the act."

He will be given a preliminary hearing to-morrow afternoon, and it is generally thought his final trial will result in a long term sentence to the penitentiary, if nothing more.

Miss Yarborough is a beautiful girl, and highly respected by all who know her.

FIRE AT PILOT MOUNTAIN.

Two Stores and Other Buildings Burned—Loss About $5,000.

PILOT MOUNTAIN, N. C., Oct. 19.

EDITOR STAR—Fire broke out at this place at 1 o'clock this morning, consuming two stores, one photograph gallery and one dwelling house and shoe shop. The loss is about $5,000, with about $3 800 insurance.

The principal losers are F. L. Smith, hardware, loss $2,500, with $1,500 insurance; B. Y. Dean, groceries and building, loss $1,000, insurance $700; W. J. Key, building, loss $600, insurance $300; J. P. Lewis, photograph gallery, loss $500, insurance about $300. One other small building, belonging to Jasper Hill, occupied by J. C. Barrow; loss $300, insurance $150.

TOOK UP A COLLECTION.

How a Sick Man from Wilmington Was Helped Back to His Home.

Charlotte *Observer:* Last Saturday a young man from Wilmington arrived in this city and put up at a residence in the eastern section of the town. He was sick, and in some way it became noised about that he had yellow fever. The residents of that section became considerably exercised in consequence. The young man wanted to get back home bad enough, but he had no money. The people of that section of the town, however, were determined that he should have the necessary assistance, and the trouble was met Sunday night in Brevard Street church.

A collection was taken up to get the young man out of town. The response was liberal. A sufficient sum of money was raised to pay his way to Wilmington, and he has gone. Of course the man didn't have the yellow fever or anything like it, but the neighborhood people became scared. It was one of these affairs which Shakespeare says is well when it ends well. The sick man got home, confidence was restored to the Brevard street neighborhood, and the prospects for a boom in assafoetida, over which the druggists were about to congratulate themselves, has vanished into thin air.

SEA FISHING AT NEWBERN.

[*Newbern Journal.*

While Newbern would not go to the sea, the sea has come to Newbern, and to day the water at the city docks, is as salt as that in the sounds or the ocean.

Old residents say that in forty years they never saw such water conditions as prevail here to-day.

Fishermen who usually want blue fish or trout have to go way down the Neuse, but now they can sit on the A. and N. C. railroad bridge and catch these fish.

Besides this, jelly fish can be seen in the water here, which is unusually clear, and bottom can be seen at depths of eight and ten feet.

The Lyceum.

Arrangements have been made with the Lyceum by which the members of the Y. M. C. A. will be admitted to the lecture of Bob Burdette next Saturday night. Tickets will not be necessary, the membership card serving as admission cards. Members who have lost or mislaid their cards should notify the secretary and secure others. Members will also be permitted to buy additional tickets for their friends at 50 cents each.

The membership fee will be increased next Monday night. Young men who contemplate joining by that time should send in their applications in time for this privilege.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS!

St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Special communication this (Wednesday) evening at 8 o'clock. Members of Wilmington and Orient Lodges are cordially invited to attend.

WM. M. POISSON, Secretary.
oc 20 1t

The King Grocery Co.

FRESH BUCKWHEAT

JUST RECEIVED.

9 AND 12 1-2 CTS PER PACKAGE.

THE KING GROCERY CO,
Bell Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
oc 19 tf

BUY THE BEST.

Housekeepers wishing fine fresh ground

Corn Meal and Grits

should always call for and see that they get our goods.

Boney & Harper.
oct 18 tf

Coal! Coal!!

We Are Exclusive Sales Agents in Wilmington for the Celebrated Pocahontas Coal,

Which is Conceded to be the Best Coal Mined.

We also have a fine stock of the popular

Jellico Lump Coal

from Tennessee, which makes a very fine open grate Coal.

In hard Coals we have a very heavy stock in high grade RED ASH and WHITE ASH, egg stove, chestnut and furnace sizes. If you appreciate good service, accurate weights and clean first-class Coal call up No. 242, either Bell or Inter-State Phones.

J. A. SPRINGER & CO
oct 19 tf

No Substitution

In Drugs With Us.

Our Prescriptions Are Filled With Fresh Drugs

that are absolutely pure and compounded with the utmost care.

We have a reputation to maintain in this direction, and take no chances in the filling of your prescriptions. We guarantee both quality and quantity in all our goods. We want your prescription trade and will fill it to the letter.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
oc 20 tf Wilmington, N. C.

MAXTON FAIR.

THE EIGHTH ANNUAL FAIR OF THE Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 27th, 28th and 29th.

A special train will leave Wilmington on Thursday and Friday mornings on the following schedule and the following rates will cover the round trip and include admission to the Fair;

			FARE.
Leave Wilmington at	7.15	A. M.	$2.20
" Cronly at	7.33	"	2 05
" Marlville at	8 09	"	1.85
" Councils at	8 25	"	1.65
" Clarkton at	8.50	"	1.45
" Bladenboro at	9 00	"	1 25
" Lumberton at	9 35	"	1.00
" Moss Neck at	9 58	"	.75
" Pembroke at	10.08	"	.65
[A. C. L. train from the South connects here.]			
" Pates at	10.08	A. M.	.60
" Red Banks at	10 13	"	.55
Arrive at Maxton	10.30	"	

Returning the special trains leave Maxton at 5.10 P. M., connecting with A. C. L. south-bound train at Pembroke, and arrive at Wilmington at 8.25 P. M.

The people at Rowland, Dillon, Florence, &c., need not fear but that the Pembroke connection will be made, as there is a safe margin, and the special will be held in case of unusual delay of the A. C. L.
oc 16 1w

A SAVORY FEAST

can be enjoyed at all times from our choice, juicy and delicious stock of prime meats. We will cut, trim and prepare for your table in artistic style a tempting roast of beef, lamb, veal, pork, mutton, etc., dress French chops, or dress your meats ready for the oven as only an expert butcher knows how—and charge no higher prices than any one else,

I. B. RHODES,
oc 16 tf Front Street Market.

A. and H. Soda!

25 Boxes Nickel A. & H. Soda.
30 " Assorted " "
20 " 1-2 and 1's " "
10 " Popes' Nickel Soda.
15 Bbls. S. H. Molasses.
10 " Fancy P. R. Molasses.
90 Boxes Chewing Gum.
50 Ounce 1-8 Quinine.

W. B. COOPER.
oc 17 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

Liverpool and American SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
au 10 D&W tf

Combination Bicycle FOR SALE!

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

CIGARS.

Cuban Blossoms,
Renown,
Smoketts,
Tropical Twist Head,
Union League Club,
El' Captain General,
"Sly Coon" Cheroots.

These goods are having an immense run due to quality only, and we recommend them to the best trade, as not being equalled on the market.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Manufacturers' Agents,
oc 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE KODAK RUBBER

Band Dating Stamp, the very thing for receipting Bills, Railroad Agents, Postal Clerks and Banks.

Has dates for nine years.

This dater supplied with air cushion without extra charge.

Get our prices on Self-inking Stamps, Seal Presses, Wax Seals, Ticket Punches, Hand Stamps, &c. Buy a Date Printer, 50 cents by mail. (They have dates for seven years), and if not satisfied return it and get your money.

JOB PRINTING—Get our prices for Bill Heads, Note and Letter Heads, Visiting Cards, &c.

Wilmington Stamp Works,
Wilmington, N. C.
Bell Phone 240. oc 17 tf

WE ARE NOT IN THE SHOE BUSINESS for a few years. We are in it for life. We must sell the best to keep your trader. WE DO SELL THE BEST, and getting new customers every day. When you want a nice, strong, pretty Shoe for a boy or girl, for school or for dress, call for the "John Mundell Shoe." We keep them in many styles.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,
oc 17 tf 115 Princess Street.

CUT PRICES THIS WEEK
—AT—
The "Unlucky Corner"
on Hecker's Celebrated
Self Raising Buckwheat.

Fresh Ginger Snaps. Also Duggin's Prepared Buckwheat. New goods. The price down to low water mark. Yours for Buckwheat Cakes.

S. W. Sanders.
oc 17 tf

NATIONAL RICE MILLING CO.

WE ARE PREPARED TO

Purchase Rice

AND CAN OFFER THE

HIGHEST CASH PRICE

AT OUR MILLS IN

Wilmington or Washington, N. C.
oc 7 3m

Press Boy Wanted.

A BOY WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE in feeding Job Presses may secure employment, if well recommended, by applying at the

oc 17 3t STAR OFFICE.

MEETING.

ALL SUBSCRIBED MEMBERS TO THE A new Club House on Carolina Beach are requested to meet at the City Court room Wednesday evening, October 20th, 1897, for the purpose of affecting a permanent organization.

oc 19 2t W. A. FRENCH, Jr.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 20, 1897

THE PRESSURE PROGRAMME.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* says it is not true, as reported, that the President has grown cold on currency reform and that he will give it but a formal, passing notice in his message to Congress. He is still, according to this correspondent, very much interested in this subject and feels himself bound by his public declarations and private assurances to urge action by Congress. He has not yet conferred with Secretary Gage and is waiting until the Secretary has formulated his suggestions which he may incorporate in his message and possibly go further than Secretary Gage does. An effort will be made, it is thought, to get the President to content himself with simply making his recommendations without any further effort to influence action in their favor, but, the correspondent thinks, the friends of currency reform will not be disconcerted by this, for they are prepared to make a strong fight in Congress and hope to bring such pressure to bear that the statesmen will not be disposed to ignore it. Their programme is thus outlined:

"The supporters of the Indianapolis Monetary Commission declare that they are in the present fight to stay, and that Congress will not be through with them if it casts a single unfavorable vote. They are very hopeful that legislation can be secured at the coming session. They understand perfectly that there is much indifference and timidity in Congress, but they hope to demonstrate that the business community are behind the project of currency reform in dead earnest. They expect that public opinion will be crystalized as has not yet been the case by the influence of the report of Secretary Gage and the report of the Commission. It does not matter, from the point of view of popular education on the subject, whether the Secretary and the Commission are united upon details or not. They will be substantially united upon the necessity for radical reform and in their exposition of the correct theory of currency. After public opinion is thus crystalized by a few weeks of discussion, it is believed that members of Congress will find the business community making strong appeals to them to pass a comprehensive currency bill. Members who now think the greenbacks are good enough and that the United States do not need any currency reform except the abolition of the Treasury deficit may begin to take a different tone when they find their boards of trade, the leading merchants and the thinking men of their districts without regard to party insisting upon action. Whether public opinion will thus be crystalized at once, or whether it will require some time to accomplish the result, the supporters of the plan of the Currency Commission intend to keep up the fight, and they believe that the intelligence of the country will eventually bring them success. C A C."

The accompaniment of public meetings and brass bands is not herein alluded to but we suppose these are embraced in the programme. Public meetings and brass bands are powerful persuaders—when the meetings are very large and the bands very loud. This self-constituted Indianapolis commission will, unless its deliverances be adopted by Secretary Gage and approved by the President, have about as much influence on a Republican Congress as a streak of sunshine would have on an iceberg; its ardor will be chilled by the frigidity it collides with; but the Indianapolis reformers are a hopeful, sanguine lot of fellows who have received more or less encouragement from the Chicago banker who now happens to be Secretary of the Treasury, and who in common with the other Illinois and other bankers want to have the greenbacks called in and buried. As they couldn't get Republican financiers enough together to help them in the scheme they are utilizing the Indianapolis commission and are putting them on the back.

The greenback and other paper obligations of the Government seem to be the pet aversions of the Indianapolis commission, who insist upon the retiring of these as the necessary preliminary to anything in the way of real currency reform, and right there they will strike a snag that they can't pull over to save them. There isn't a party in existence that would dare to call in these greenbacks and issue in their place interest-bearing bonds—long term, low interest-bearing bonds—as has been suggested, for this would mean a dangerous contraction of the currency, and leave the volume of it at the discretion of the bond buyers and professional money manipulators. It would make Pierpont Morgan and others of his or other syndicates not only practically, as they are now, but absolutely masters of our monetary system, and of the volume of money, which they would regulate in their own interests entirely. They may improvise their meetings of boards of trade, &c., and pass their cut and dried whereases and resolves, but it will take a power of that kind of thing with a very strong lobby of syndicate representatives to carry out that part of the programme. Before they do that Professor Andree will be back from his balloon ride with some kodak snap shots of the North Pole.

In our reading we have failed to discover where any prominent Republican statesman has chipped in a word against the greenback, which is a Republican invention, and one of the few respectable inventions that it can lay claim to. But it was the fruit of dire necessity, and consequently the Republican party is entitled to no particular distinction for having invented it. But it filled the bill, stuck and is here to stay until in the course of time under a more liberal financial system the States will be supplied with banks of their own and the services of the greenback may be dispensed with without causing any shock or doing any harm.

Their aversion to the greenback—at least their professed aversion—is because the greenback is a "menace" to the gold reserve, which has no business to exist and does exist without authority of any law. It is to save that idolized gold reserve, for the benefit of gold speculators and bond buying syndicates, that war is being made upon the paper obligations of the Government which the masses of the people, and of business men, accept as good and lawful money, for the retiring of which they have never asked and the retirement of which they vehemently protested against twenty years ago. If these men who are warring upon the greenbacks would recognize and respect the law, and let them be redeemed in "coin," as the law provides, they would cease to be a menace to the Treasury, these gentlemen might still be happy and the county be prosperous in spite of their lurid predictions.

MINOR MENTION.

English manufacturers are not only complaining of competition in the far East, but are meeting with a most formidable competitor in Germany, right at their own doors. Goods branded "made in Germany," sell better in England than goods made in England by Englishmen, and the result is that the Germans are taking trade right away from the English manufacturers. This has encouraged German manufacturers to establish plants in England and has forced English manufacturers to employ German superintendents, foremen and workmen. The success of the Germans in competing with English manufacturers in their own and in other markets where Englishmen were formerly in the lead, is attributed largely to the establishment of technical schools in Germany, where the workmen become thoroughly trained not only to be proficient workmen, but qualified to take charge of the business for which they are trained. Another result of this has been that manufacturing industries have multiplied very rapidly in Germany, and their reputation for good work, with their ability to undersell the Englishmen, have given them an entry and a foothold in countries where German manufactures were but little known a few years ago. It has been predicted that the day of England's ascendancy as a great manufacturing nation was rapidly coming to an end, and it looks that way. With Germany as a competitor on that side and the United States on this she is between two alert, powerful and aggressive competitors, to which she must succumb sooner or later.

* * *

The Ohio voters are supplied with an assortment of tickets this year, from which all the different elements, regardless of race or color, or political complexion, may choose. There is a Democratic, a S. M. Democratic, a Republican, a Populist, a Social Labor, and last, but not least, a negro ticket which calls itself the Negro Protection ticket. This not only adds to the gaiety of the situation, but materially adds to the complications for the political prognosticator. The most interesting feature of this layout is the negro cutting loose from the Republican party and going into business for himself, and it may mean something serious for the Republican party if he sticks for that party has heretofore counted upon and held the 30,000 colored votes of that State, without which it would have lost its grip long ago. This break of the colored voter is the outcome of the little recognition given the colored contingent of the State in the distribution of the spoils of office, stimulated by the lynching some time ago in the town of Urbana, for the failure to prevent which and to institute proceedings against the lynchers the negroes hold the State and county authorities, both of whom were Republican, responsible. The failure of the State authorities to take any steps to investigate the lynching or punish the lynchers incensed the negroes, and this negro party movement, as a rebuke, was the result. Governor Bushnell, to stave off this movement, made a belated demand for investigation, but the negroes saw through it, and the Governor's movement proved a fizzle. The outcome of this movement will be watched with interest inside and outside of Ohio.

* * *

As we anticipated the autonomy programme of the new Spanish ministry is striking snags in Cuba, and is acceptable neither to the insurgents in the field and their sympathizers, nor to the planters and business men, who have no confidence in the ability of Spain to maintain order and good government on the island. If the planters and others who are not identified with the insurrection felt assured that Spain could do this they would prefer autonomy under Spain to independence, but under the circumstances they regard autonomy practically as independence, which, without annexation to the United States they consider disastrous. They are, doubtless, right, for with that mixed population, with mixed blood and black blood in the ascendancy, and the largely preponderating element of the unintelligent, the prospects for good, stable government would not be encouraging, and hence it is no surprising that the better class o Cubans regard annexation to the United States as the only guarantee of continued peace and safety.

In the death of Chas. A. Dana this country lost one of its greatest editors, not only of the present but of past time, one of powerful pen and indomitable purpose. A man of vast learning, he was admirably equipped for his calling, in which he took both pride and pleasure. His characteristic was that he never forgave or forgot; to incur his resentment was to invite his steel, that never dulled. His proud boast was that he never turned his back on a friend or foe. He had both, and both realize that when the call came and Chas. A. Dana went, a great editor passed away.

A paralyzing performance was witnessed in Berlin a few days ago. A young man wagered that he could kiss his sweetheart 10,000 in ten hours. She was willing and he proceeded to business. He scored 2,000 the first hour, 1,000 the second and then he got along as far as the 750 the osculation, when his lips became paralyzed and refused to pucker, and he swooned away unconscious. The girl didn't swoon, but would have stood the ordeal to the end. Some girls are built out of tough stuff.

A Philadelphia minister says he would rather witness a prize fight than a foot ball game. Different people have different ways of amusing themselves, but there is nothing to prevent him from witnessing both if he chooses.

TWINKLINGS.

—Stranger—"Is there a beer trust in this town?'

Native—"No; all spot cash."—*Cleveland Leader.*

—Surgical preliminaries: "It costs $100 to have a frozen toe amputated in Alaska."

"Well, if you go you would better have yours cut off before you start."—*Chicago Record*

—Visitor—"I presume your daughter plays the piano?"

Mrs Newprice (proudly)—"No, indeed: Dear Ethel doesn't have to. Her pa is rich enough to buy her one of those pianos which plays itself."—*Harper's Bazar.*

—"How do you come to be celebrating your golden wedding Blinks? Your's only been married three years."

"I know," said Blinks, but my wife and I thought we'd better have it now when we really need the gold."—*Harper's Bazar.*

—"That tenor of ours has a marvellous voice. He can hold one of his notes for half a minute."

"Stuck! I've held one of his notes for two years."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

—"Johnny," said the schoolboy's mother, "do you like your new arithmetic?"

"No'm; I think the influence of that book is unwholesome and depressing."

"Why?"

"Because it is full of horrible examples."—*Tit Bits.*

—"Well, I see Herbert Spencer has been rewarded at last."

"What's happened? Has he made a fortune out of his book?"

"No; a brand of cigars has been named after him."—*Cleveland Leader.*

—Some one back there has discovered that 'Chicago' is an Indian word, and means "skunk." He will perhaps be able to establish the fact if permitted to introduce that river as prima facie evidence.

—The Tortoise and the Hare—"You remember the story of the tortoise and the hare, and who won the race?"

"Of course, but I see nothing strange in the finish. The soup always does precede the entrees, doesn't it?"—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

—He was young but ardent—"I wish I were the glove that presses your lovely hand," he said to the charming maid. She glanced at him with a bewitching smile. "Aren't you enough of a kid as it is?" she softly asked.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

CURRENT COMMENT

—The Illinois bankers want the greenbacks retired. So do all the bankers. They all understand that the currency commission will recommend it, and the fight in congress next winter will be on that issue. Such a fight will add strength to the silver cause.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—A fire like that at Durham, N. C., once made a man's fortune. He noticed that veteran snuffers picked up the burned snuff and enjoyed it immensely. This gave him a valuable hint. After rebuilding he burned the snuff and became a millionaire. Roast pig was discovered in the same way.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—It is almost a pity Mrs. Atkinson wasn't convicted to give her husband the chance to prove that he was brave enough to pardon her, innocent or guilty, if it were the last act of his public life. The man who wouldn't violate his official oath and close his public career to save his wife from prison is fit to be neither Governor nor husband. Fancy a woman hesitating before such a choice!—*New York Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

—The magnitude of the great engineering strike in England is not generally known to Americans. At present there are 70,000 workingmen in idleness, and although fourteen weeks have passed since the beginning of the strike there is no evidence that the dispute will soon be amicably adjusted. Last week the workingmen's Union asked for $50,000 a week from trades-unionists in order to continue the fight. There are prominent English officials who have declared that the strike has already veferred the completion of the English naval programme by a twelve month, and the London *Times* fears that it has imperiled England's margin of superiority on the sea.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

The mission of Hood's Sarsaparilla is to cure disease, and thousands of testimonials prove it fulfills its mission well. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: One of the most conclusive proofs that prosperity "has not come," is the large quantities of fertilizers our people are buying and going in debt for. It will take half the wheat crop in the county next year to pay the fertilizer bills.

—Burlington *News*: The case against Sherman Glosson and Jno. H. Sullivan for the burning of the Government warehouse of Jno. T. Fogleman and removing liquor from the same, was tried last week in Greensboro before the Federal Court. Both parties plead guilty and were both sentenced to imprisonment in the U. S. Penitentiary at Columbus, Ohio, for a term of three years and fined two thousand dollars each.

—Alleghany *Star*: On Monday morning, October 11, at about 1 o'clock, some persons went to the home of John Kennedy, in Glade Creek township, and were rocking his house, when he, Kennedy, picked up his gun and went outside the door and fired two shots, but did not see any one when he fired. The unknown persons fired two shots or more back, the shot taking effect in Mr. Kennedy's body all the way from his shoulders to his knees. He died at 6 o'clock Tuesday morning. It was discovered Monday morning that fire had been set to Mr. Kennedy's house, but it went out. One or two arrests have been made and the officers are in pursuit of others.

—Fayetteville *Observer:* Deputy Sheriff Kinlaw arrived from Durham Saturday with Mrs. Noro Wilson, the woman with two husbands, in his custody. The last husband, Mr. C. P. Tyson, accompanied her. Mr. Tyson, the prosecutor, was present at the jail when the woman was committed by Squire Overby and he and his son had quite a scene. The latter called the old man a brute and many other things but he remained obdurate and the woman was placed behind the bars. Upon the woman's arrival at the jail her father, Stephen A. Barfield, appeared and offered to give the $200 bond required. The bond was being drawn up when an officer stepped forward with a warrant and served it on Barfield, charging him aiding and abetting the marriage. He then gave the bond intended for his daughter, to keep himself out of jail.

THE CHECK SYSTEM.

An English Visitor Tells the People About the American Way.

The American constitution has been called a system of checks. So in American life. When you want to travel, you give your baggage to the porter of your hotel, and he gives you a check in return. At the station you reclaim it with the check and pass it in at a counter and receive another check. As you approach your destination another functionary comes along the train, takes your check and gives you another check in its place. He fishes out your baggage and conveys it to your hotel—for a consideration. You have left your third and last check at the office of the hotel when you enter it, and thence it is delivered up on receipt of the baggage.

At first you bless this arrangement as the salvation of the traveler. After a few weeks of it the tyranny of the check becomes so galling that you begin to long for the fine old English method of dumping down your goods in front of a porter and leaving them to find the way themselves. You would even hail it as a personal triumph if some of your baggage would get lost. But it never does. Sometimes it arrives late, but it always arrives.

Yet it seldom arrives in the shape in which it started, if that is any consolation. They who have to do with baggage see to that. You very soon discover why Americans carry their goods in ironclad trunks, and why it is madness for anybody to do anything else. I started out, like an idiot, with a new leather portmanteau. They ripped the stout brass lock off the first week—not for plunder, apparently, but simply because it is the tradition of the service. They punched it and kicked and danced on it. In softer hours, when literary inspiration came, they wrote on it. My portmanteau today is an epitome of the political sentiment of the United States from New York to San Francisco. As a historical document it is beyond price, and I am contemplating the gift of it to the library of congress at Washington. As a portmanteau it has both feet in the grave.

The system of checks is not confined to travelers' luggage. The conductor of the train passes carelessly to and fro asking for your ticket and giving you a check in return, or asking for your check and returning your ticket. If you hand your stick to a boy in a hotel while you write your name in the register, he dashes off to stow it away in some secret place and returns triumphant with a check. In the very hotel bar, when you buy sevenpence ha'porth of whisky you get a check and walk two yards across the bar to pay at a desk.

But the apotheosis of the check is at Niagara. When you go down to the Cave of the Winds, you strip off all your clothes and leave them, as well as your valuables, in a tin box with the attendant. Then you go down to battle with the cataract attired only in a suit of pyjamas, a suit of oilskins and a check lashed around your neck and rising and falling with the beating of your heart. No wonder the American speaks of death as "handing in his checks." It is only by death that he can rid himself of them.—London Mail.

An expert gasfitter contends that the blackening of ceilings above gaslights is not always due to poor gas. "Ceilings are blackened because the gas burners are worn out," he says. "They cost a trifling sum and should be often replaced by new ones."

In Yucatan, Central America, sisters generally dress precisely alike, even to the tying of a bow and the use of a button. It is thus easy to distinguish the members of a family anywhere, and often girls are called by their favorite flower or color.

Never use cologne to perfume the clothes. The flower essence soon disappears and only a musty alcoholic odor remains. Use liquid perfumes for the bath and powdered ones for the garments.

Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and to day stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

WOMAN AND HOME.

A YOUNG CHICAGO WOMAN WITH DEFT FINGERS AND INDUSTRY.

Mothers and Kindergarten—Where Women Buy Shoes—What Jealousy Does. A Medical Warning—Goats' Milk as Food—Keeping Food Exposed.

Miss M. Etta Beede is a young woman who has made a place for herself in a beautiful work. With deft fingers she transfers to china the fairest of flowers, dimpled and arch little cupids and even makes a portrait stand out from a porcelain disk in lifelike manner. She reproduces the designs of others with accuracy and arranges after her own fancy many a captivating scene. About five years ago she began the study of china decoration as a pleasure, being then a talented student of the piano. Now the fascination of the work has firmly grasped her, and she is mistress of a profession which is inexorable in demands upon time and talent.

Under Bischoff of Chicago, Leykauf of Boston, C. Philip Smith of New York, she has learned to turn her ideas into things of beauty. In summer she slips away from pupils and order book and works in one or the other of these teacher's studios. Some day a longer flight will take her to Europe

MISS ETTA BEEDE.

and the quaint fancies of the old world painters will enter her brain and a touch of their skill cling to her fingers. Until then friends and pupils will continue to think she can hardly improve. Her violets have won an especially warm place in the hearts of beholders and repeatedly come to her those who are satisfied with their skill in other things, but long for the secret of her natural flowers.

Each year Miss Beede exhibits at the Chicago exposition and a porcelain plaque upon which chubby lifelike cupids disport themselves was exhibited in the Atlanta exposition. The necessity of preserving the delicate beauty of her work led her to establish a kiln, where she does her own firing. Out of the need of her pupils for the desired china on which to paint, grew a store in which all sorts of dainty and fragile china find a place. So to her art work has been added a business and her success in both lines should be a warning to all young women who take up a study for pleasure that it is likely to become their master and launch other successful woman upon the world.

Mothers and Kindergarten.

"Women have been taught through the kindergarten method that, no matter how much they have to do, they can always find some time to devote to the education and training of their children," says Baroness von Bulow. They have been taught through the kindergarten the responsibility of motherhood and the science of motherhood, so to speak. They have learned how much better their homes are for the influence of the kindergarten.

"The kindergarten is the great factor which is rapidly changing social conditions. The interest which all educators in the civilized world are taking in the methods of the kindergarten speaks volumes for it.

"The searching and reaching out of the child from its earliest infancy is satisfied by the kindergarten methods if the mother teaches her little one properly. And not only is it satisfied, but this thirsting for knowledge is developed by training.

"The spiritual development of the child depends on the mother. If only all women could learn the kindergarten methods, there would be no crime in this world. The kindergarten has taught the mother to train her child to respect the rights of others, and this is the great secret of happiness and morality. The kindergarten is the pathway by which mothers lead their children to higher planes of education. It is the means by which the minds of the little ones are developed and strengthened to higher ideals.

"The education of the child by the methods of the kindergarten is the foundation in which is established a higher patriotism, a nobler citizenship and a lovely Christianity. It is the means by which the world may become perfect.

"All women should learn this method. First begin to educate in the cradle, next in the kindergarten, then comes the school, then the college and then the daily and great education of the world."

Where Women Buy Shoes.

"A woman cannot sell shoes to other women," said a prominent shoe dealer to a Star reporter. "Strange as it may appear, women will make their selections and purchases from male clerks every time, and it is for this reason that so few shoe dealers employ women clerks. While women will buy shoes from male clerks, they would not think of buying stockings from them. It's not only in this, but in all other cities in this country that this is true. Now, in Europe it is somewhat the other way, and in many of the larger shoe establishments there are more women clerks than men clerks, and women customers prefer the women clerks nearly every time, except in when the purchasers are American. They prefer to deal with the men clerks.

"In buying shoes women are much more confidental than men are. A man—that is, the great run of men—doesn't care so much for looks as he does for comfort and fit. With women this is reversed. They make comfort and fit secondary to the matter of looks. Somehow women think that the man clerk has better judgment in the matter of looks than any woman clerk has or could have. There is no use trying to argue the question even if there is any room for argument. Dealers have to recognize the fact and be governed by it. I have never had a woman ask me why I did not employ women clerks, while I have had hundreds of men ask that question. Now, while men will ask that and similar questions, there is not one in a hundred would buy their shoes from a woman clerk if we had them. I suppose it is the laws of trade which regulate such matters. Certain it is that I don't know anything of the causes, though I have been selling shoes for over 35 years. It is to be presumed that I would have learned something in that time about it, but I confess I have not."—Washington Star.

A London thief holds the record for meanness. He stole the purse of a doctor who was trying to aid a man that had been run over by a heavy cart and lay dying in the street.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic or alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

100 Doses in a Bottle

Is peculiar to and true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is proof of its superior strength and economy. There is more curative power in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other. This fact, with its unequalled record of cures, proves the best medicine for all blood diseases is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure Liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Indocile Children.

The child with a forceful character, strong desires and that is full of vitality and enthusiasm will not easily brook contradiction, and the blame given to him is often as undeserved as the praise awarded to the docility of his weaker brother. Sir Arthur Helps, in his "Thoughts on Government," says that "much of the best and greatest work in the world has been done by those who were anything but docile in their youth." And, although we may not therefore plume ourselves upon the indocility of the child as a proof of future greatness, we may yet take heart that, however troublesome he may be for the time, there is probably behind the indocility a forceful character which will enable him in the future to carry out his own possibilities, whatever they may be.

1831 *Sixty-Eighth Year.* 1898

THE

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THE BEST OF THE AGRICULTURAL WEEKLIES.

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Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call. Respectfully,

je 20 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5¾	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 30
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICK—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		@	48½
Virginia Meal		@	48½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	10½
Dairy, Cream		@	11½
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	90
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	15
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N C Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 75
Straight		@	5 10
First Patent	5 35	@	5 50
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½@		8¼
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,		@	50
Car load, in bags—White,		@	43½
Oats, from store		@	38
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	65
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	60	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾@		2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5¾@		6
North Carolina	5	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@1	25
LUMBER(city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbados, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 55
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 25
Prime		@	9 25
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American	40	@	60
On 196 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	3 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Ex. C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x30 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	4	@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 20	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	12

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, October 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 29½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 29 cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.15 per bbl for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 50 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet; $1.50 per barrel for Hard, 2 00 for Yellow Dip and 2.00 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine dull, 25¾@25½c; rosin firm, $1 45, 1 50; tar firm, $1.00; crude turpentine firm, $1.80, 1.90, 1.80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	61
Rosin	161
Tar	226
Crude Turpentine	97

Receipts same day last year—85 casks spirits turpentine, 434 bbls rosin 188 bbls tar, 27 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5¾c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 5-16	cts ℔
Good Ordinary	4⅝	" "
Low Middling	5 5-16	" "
Middling	5¾	" "
Good Middling	6	" "

Same day last year, middling 7½c.

Receipts—3,781 bales; same day last year 3 298.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.10@1.15 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2½ and closed offered at 2½@2¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 484½ for demand and 482@482½ for sixty days. Posted rates 482½@483½ and 485½. Commercial bills 481. Silver certificates at 58¾. Government bonds irregular; new lours, registered, 125@126½; new lours, coupon, 127@127½; fours, registered, 112¼@113, fours, coupon 113½@114; twos, registered, 98½; fives, registered 114@114¾; fives, coupon, 115¼@116¼ State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 122, North Carolina fours 103. Railroad bonds strong.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 40@1 45. Spirits turpentine steady at 32½@33c

CHARLESTON, Oct. 19.—Spirits turpentine was quiet at 29c; sales—casks. Rosin firm; sales—barrels; A, B, C, 1 10, D, E $1 15 F $1 20, G $1 25 H $1 35, I, $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 60, N $2 00, W G $2 25; W W $2 60.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 19.—Spirits turpentine 30½c; sales 556 casks; receipts 953 casks. Rosin firm; sales 648 barrels; receipts 2,167 barrels: A, B, C, D, $1 25, E, F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 40, I $1 55, K $1 60, M $1 80, N $2 20, W G $2 45, W W $2 80.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 19.—The cotton market opened steady with prices unchanged to 2 points lower, early English market news being disappointing; but there were some good foreign buying orders and sellers withdrew. Southern selling orders were numerous during the forenoon and with indications of a heavy port movement checked confidence on the long side of the account. There was a sharp rally in the afternoon on covering. The market was finally steady at a net advance of 7 to 10 points.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling 6 5-16c.

Cotton futures market closed steady, sales 142 600 bales; Jan'y 6 15, Feb'y 6 19, March 6 23, April 6 28, May 6 30, June 6 33, July 6 37, September —, October 6 14, November 6 09, December 6 13.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 6 3 16c; middling gulf 6 7 16c; sales 327 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 5,350 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,184 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 200 bales; forwarded 3,680 bales; sales 327 bales; sales to spinners 27 bales; stock (actual) 50,894 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 81,894 bales; exports to Great Britain 23,090 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 11 904 bales; stock 614,449 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 198,811 bales; exports to Great Britain 64 808 bales; to France 23,901 bales; to the Continent 39 853 bales.

Total since September 1

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

Samuel Pitcher, M. D.

March 8, 1897.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which ***even he*** does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

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Insist on Having

The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

His First Engagement.

De Starr—It was my first engagement. The roar from the front was horribly new to me. Our assailants, who outnumbered us 20 to 1, were yelling like fiends, and their supply of ammunition seemed unlimited. Shells were busting all round me. I was struck several times. My company, which had stood by me gallantly till now, turned and fled. It was more than flesh and blood could endure. The—

Colonel Bludsoe (deeply interested)—What battle did you say it was?

De Starr (scornfully)—Who said anything about a battle? I was describing my first appearance as Hamlet.—Pearson's Weekly.

Every Wife

feels an indescribable dread of the danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy, but the suffering and danger of the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery.

Mother's Friend

a thoroughly tested remedy, gently prepares the system for this period, lessens the pain, and removes all danger. Its use insures a safe and happy termination of the dreaded event.

$1.00 PER BOTTLE at all Drug Stores, or sent by express on receipt of price.

BOOKS FREE Containing invaluable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address upon application, by

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FASHIONS CHANGE BUT

POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

STEPHEN FAY OF THE CATAMOUNT TAVERN.

Gone is the couchant stealth of the mountain
And the burning eye from dell and cavern,
Their effigy gone from the tavern doorway,
And gone the Catamount tavern.

But in the days that are long since numbered,
In the days that were bold and brave and hardy,
Fierce was the wild and fearless the hunter
And his rifle aim not tardy.

Then was there roof for steed and rider,
Then was there zest for the tale of the ranger,
And the table was spread and the fire was stirred
For the cheer of friend or stranger.

Those were days of a land divided,
Cry of "Rebel!" and shout of "Tory!"
Those were the days of a wildfire spreading.
Days of the making of story.

Then 'neath the bristling sign of the portal
The landlord welcomed the steaming rider
With cheeks as red as the apple distilled
In his brimming flagons of cider.

But at the taunt of the British major
A redder hue on his cheek was burning.
"Landlord, see that our dinner is ready,
For soon shall we be returning!"

Wroth was old Stephen Fay at this gibing.
Too angry to answer the taunt was old Stephen.
"Oh, if, as once, I could handle yon musket,
We before night should be even!"

For this was Bennington's red letter morning
(This in the days of the making of story),
And the heights around did for hours resound
With the firing of rebel and tory.

Down Bennington hill, when long were the shadows,
With a sorry remnant returned the major—
Major and men, with pinioned arms,
All silent, sadder and sager.

And Stephen Fay of the Catamount tavern,
With a voice that was clear and a gaze that was steady,
Stood at his doorway, with smiling welcome,
"Your dinner, sirs, is ready!"
—Edith M. Thomas in Youth's Companion.

The Boveianders of Guiana.

There is in Guiana a class of inhabitants who dwell along the central and lower reaches of the great rivers, although they penetrate to considerable distances into the interior and have, in fact, made the whole region between the Essequibo and Orinoco their own. These are the "Boveianders," a half breed race descended from the intermarriage of the old Dutch settlers with the aboriginal women. There are also black Boveianders, who are descended from the admixture of Indians with the runaway negroes who fled to the wilderness in the days of slavery. In color the Boveianders of Dutch extraction are of a light brown yellow, somewhat fairer than mulattoes and having a strong European cast of countenance. They are well formed and generally good looking. Those of negro strain are of a dirty reddish black, somewhat flat featured and ugly. In habit and manner the white are tidy, clean, pleasant and attractive; the black slovenly, foul, sycophantic and repulsive. Their language is English, but so full of Indian and Dutch idioms and variations as to be something of a Volapuk. — Chambers' Journal.

What Lincoln Had Learned.

Mr. Albert Blair, writing in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat about President Lincoln, remarks especially upon his unaffectedness, and in so doing relates a story which may prove an encouragement to readers who have sometimes found themselves ignorant where they had supposed themselves well informed.

In February, 1865, Mr. Blair was present at a White House reception, a general reception, open to everybody. Mr. Lincoln was attended by Judge David Davis, who took the names of all comers and introduced them to the president.

Of course there was a crowd, and nobody had time for more than a word and a handshake. Mr. Blair was presented to the president, and then stepped aside to watch the show. Mr. Lincoln and Judge Davis carried on a conversation, constantly interrupted though it was.

"Now," says Mr. Blair, "it was 'How do you do, colonel?' or 'My brave boy' (this to a young soldier) or 'I am glad to see you,' or some other phrase of cordial recognition."

There was no official starch, but what especially impressed Mr. Blair was a remark made by Mr. Lincoln in a perfectly matter of fact, unaffected tone, loud enough to be heard by many of the bystanders.

"Judge," said he, "I never knew until the other day how to spell the word 'maintenance.'" Here a hand interrupted him. "I always thought it was m-a-i-n, main, t-a-i-n, tain, a-n-c-e, ance, maintainance, but I find it is m-a-i-n, main, t-e, te, n-a-n-c-e, nance, maintenance."

Too Considerate.

"If there's anything Oi do dislike," said Mr. Dolan, "it's shuperstition."

"Who's got it?" asked his wife.

"Rofferty, the conthractor. He owes me $13, an he's thot shuperstitious he won't pay me for fear Oi'll hov bad luck!"—Washington Star.

The straw plaiting industry of England gives employment to about 50,000 women and 4,000 to 5,000 men.

THE MORAL CORSET.

WHAT THE STRAIGHT UP AND DOWN GIRL DISCOVERED.

Wanted to Improve Her Appearance In a Bathing Suit—It Makes a Difference Whether or Not One Swims—The Expert's Opinion.

"You say you want a corset," said a pretty brunette to a tall blond with a figure built on four straight lines as they came down town in a cable car.

"Yes, I must have a corset that gives me shape," answered the straight up and down girl, and three horrid men opposite smiled behind their papers.

"Let me take you to the place where they sell moral corsets," suggested the dark one.

"Moral corsets!" repeated the other. "Moral corsets! I never heard of such a thing. Are you guying me?"

"No, indeed. You'll understand when you get there and hear what the customers have to say," replied the brunette, "and I'm sure one of those moral corsets would give you the desired shape. Mind you, I gave them the name of moral, and you'll understand after you see them why. Here we are at our street."

They left the car, and by this time the three smiling men had become so interested that one turned to the other two, though they were perfect strangers, and said:

"Now, what in the devil do you suppose a moral corset is?"

The others gave it up.

The two girls made for the corset store, and once there the blond soon understood. A young woman with no bust or hips was talking to the corset maker, a man.

"I want a corset," she was saying, "which will keep me straight; a heavy corset that will give me shape."

"Just what I want," said the light girl to the dark one.

"And I also want a bathing corset and one for bicycling," continued the up and down sylph.

"You don't want a heavy corset," answered the maker. "Slender women with an absence of bust and hips nine times out of ten make the mistake of buying heavy, stiff corsets. A man doesn't often require anything to keep him straight, physically speaking, of course, and why should a woman? It is merely a matter of your thinking so. Get that notion out of your head. Every small woman should wear very soft, finely boned corsets. This gives the figure full play, and the lines have a chance to develop. Heavy bones are altogether unnecessary, and you can have shape without stiffness."

"But," interrupted his customer, "when a woman has no bust and no hips she must wear a heavy corset which will hold her up so straight that her carriage will make people forget about her deficiencies. That's the reason slight women demand stiff corsets."

"A great mistake," emphatically declared the authority. "A woman with such a figure as yours, and yours, too," turning to the blond, "should wear a soft corset with bones that bend double either way and with a spring in the bust and hips to give the desired form. Such a corset is cool and comfortable, gives a fine shape and is in no way injurious, as is padding."

"I tell you padding is mighty warm," put in the blond lady frankly.

"Certainly, and any doctor will tell you that a woman who uses padding constantly cannot be healthy, as the continued pressure and heat affect the tissues of the most robust in time," replied the man, "and my, but doesn't it make a woman cross and irritable!"

"Now about the bathing corset," reminded the straight up and down girl. "I am the queerest looking duck in the water you ever saw. You see, we can't fill out with fluffs and frills there, for bathing suits aren't built that way. When I get on a bathing suit, I look about three inches through."

"I, too," said the blond, and the two looked at each other sympathetically.

"Now, here is the bathing corset for figures such as yours," said the man, taking one from the case. "You see, it is very, very short over the hips. In fact, it almost ends at the waist on the sides, which shows off what hip there is to the very best advantage. The bust is quite high and has a good sized spring in it, giving a beautiful, full figure. There is nothing about the corset that water can rust."

"But I don't swim," said the straight up and down girl in a horrified tone, "and therefore it would be impossible for me to wear that corset in the water. It is grand for these bony, slim ladies who can swim —perfectly grand."

"What has swimming or not swimming to do with wearing a corset which will give you a lovely figure?" asked the puzzled manufacturer.

The brunette's eyes began to twinkle and the dimples came and went about her mouth.

"Well, you see," explained the complainant, with some hesitation, "when a lady can't swim one of her gentlemen friends stays around to take care of her, and she simply could not let him when she had on one of those corsets with false hips and bust. Why, imagine her feelings when he picked her up to throw her on a breaker."

"Imagine his," ejaculated the blond, with great feeling. "Hers would be mild compared to his. No, indeed; I'd advise a girl who does not swim to beware of that corset as she would of the plague. Now, as for me I can swim like a killie fish, and I'm going to be measured for one right now."

"I half wish I had learned to swim," mused the other. "A corset like that must make a lady look stunning. I was taking lessons, but a girl who is a fine swimmer advised me not to learn, for she said you could have ten times more fun in the water than if you could swim. I'd like to have one of those corsets, though, for I have a lovely new bathing suit, which doesn't half show off because I have so little figure."

"Now," broke in the brunette, "you see why I call this the moral corset place, don't you?" turning to her chum. "What woman who wears a corset with a spring in the bust and hips is going to allow even her fiance to give her a good, affectionate embrace? I should think that Dr. Parkhurst and Mrs. Grannis would be glad to indorse these corsets, wouldn't you, for they certainly are moral?"

"The bicycle corsets for shapeless ladies are built on the same plan, aren't they?" asked Miss Straight-up-and-down. "Well, anyhow you can measure me for one of those, and if I decide to learn to swim, after all, I can come back for the bathing corset."—New York Sun.

Names For Girls.

I used to know an Englishman who had a fancy for short names, made up chiefly of vowels. He lived in Portugal and gave to his six daughters the names of Ava, Eva, Iva, Ova, Uva and Uiva. Poor Ova used to be fearfully teased by some Etonian cousins and had her name declined in all sorts of dreadful ways, to her great mortification. She was a "bad egg" when they were displeased with her or an "addled egg" when she blundered and sometimes a "freckled egg." Her father never suffered her to call herself by her second name of Maria. — London Truth.

Reason For It.

He had just heard that the young man was in trouble.

"I don't understand it," he said. "The last time I saw him he looked very prosperous and said he was just coining money."

"He was," was the reply. "It was for that the authorities locked him up."—Chicago Post.

Smiles Approval.

"What do they mean when they call a man broad minded?"

"They mean that he is too polite to say what he thinks about the opinions of others."—Chicago Journal.

RHEUMATISM.

New Terrors In Store For Sufferers From the Little Understood Disease.

Now we are told that not only are cancer and consumption contagious, as well as several other diseases long regarded as individual, but that rheumatism may be transmitted from one person to another by contact as well as by heredity. This is the more alarming because rheumatism, for which there are more sure cures than a pharmacist can compound in a week, is virtually incurable by drugs and is the disease of all diseases that is not understood by the medical profession. Nobody knows exactly or approximately what rheumatism is. It is described with a high degree of positiveness in medical books, but the fact that afflictions wholly unlike are classed under the general head of rheumatism is proof that there is no certain knowledge of its character. It is found to be associated with disorders of the throat and stomach and with distinctly nervous affections. The varieties run from muscular rheumatism to neuralgia, yet as to what tissues are most involved in the worst form of the disease and in what manner they are involved there are as many opinions as there are varieties of rheumatism.

The rheumatic patient, who sometimes suffers all the pangs of gout, has a hard enough time of it at best without being regarded as a center of physical as well as moral pestilence. He is irritable, pugnacious, impatient, ungrateful and profane. His immediate relations bear with these mortal infirmities because of the obvious reality of his sufferings. They generously put themselves within the range and reach of his shoes or whatever missiles he has at hand, in order that he may vary the monotony of pain with the pleasure of personal assault. To announce the contagiousness of rheumatism is to drive away from his bedside all sympathetic and enduring friends. When they witness the moral decay of a good man in the clutches of this disease, they are naturally disposed to save themselves by flight from a like condition.

What the victims of rheumatism have a right to maintain is that the doctors know too little about the disease. They are too helpless in its violent stage to have any warrant for further dogmatic affirmations about it. If rheumatism is to be classed among the contagious diseases, it will be necessary to regulate the Turkish bath establishments as we do smallpox hospitals, or they will become centers from which rheumatism will radiate like cholera from oriental wells. Man is kept busy enough dodging the microbes of other diseases without being compelled to ward off rheumatism.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat

Graceful Acquiescence.

A city lad went to dine with a pious aunt in the country, and as soon as he was seated manifested a disposition to waive ceremony. "Johnnie," said his aunt, "we are in the habit of saying something before beginning to eat." "All right, auntie. Say whatever you please. You can't spoil my appetite."—What to Eat.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Health and Recreation

—AT THE—

Summer Homes and Resorts Along the Seaboard Air Line.

FINEST

Lithia Springs in the World.

Excursion Tickets.

TO LITTLETON, N. C.

Panacea Springs. The analysis of the Panacea Water proves it to be a sure cure for dyspepsia, chronic diarrhœa, kidney and liver troubles, eczema and scrofula, and it is particularly efficacious in restoring weak men, delicate females and sickly children to health.

TO LINCOLNTON, N. C.

Mineral Springs, Lithia Arsenic and Alum. The waters of the famous Lincoln Lithia Springs, are celebrated throughout the United States for their healing qualities in diseases of the kidney and bladder; also for gout, rheumatism, and the varied forms of dyspepsia.

TO SHELBY, N. C.

The famous Sulphur Springs at Cleveland and Patterson, two and four miles respectively from town. The Cleveland Springs are four in number, viz: White Sulphur, Red Sulphur, Chalybeate and Pure Freestone. For half a century or more these springs have been known to possess rare medicinal virtue, but it is only during the last few years that an effort has been made to bring them before the public and place them where they now stand, in the front rank of well earned popularity.

TO HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS, S. C.

The Lithia Water at these Springs is noted for its curative qualities for torpid liver, skin eruption, scrofulous diseases, kidney and bladder troubles of every kind, rheumatism and gout. The atmosphere all through the summer is delightful, and the most fastidious can hardly fail to be satisfied with the even balmy climate. Large pools have been provided for bathing, together with dancing pavilion, tennis court, bowling alleys, croquet grounds, etc., for the amusement of the pleasure-seeker and invalid.

For full information in regard to Rates, Schedules, etc., call on nearest S. A. L. Ticket Agent.

T. J. ANDERSON

Gen'l Passenger Agent,

jy 15 tf Portsmouth, Va.

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D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate

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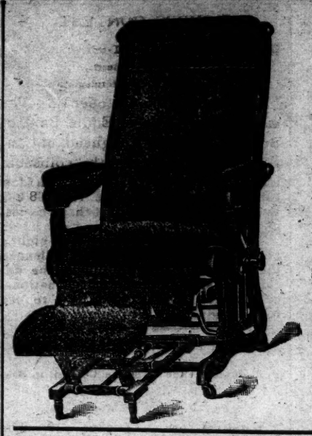

Moving, Moving

On October 1st we will move to Southeast corner Second and Market streets, previously occupied by Sneed & Co.

To save handling and moving we will make reduced prices in everything in the Furniture line.

To all those who move and have a house cleaning on October 1st, this is an opportunity for you. We invite you to call and see us. Come early and avoid delay in getting your goods delivered promptly.

THE SNEED CO.,

116 Market Street,

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CONTAINS MORE LITHIA

Than Any Other Natural Mineral Water in the World.

The Only Known Solvent

of Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys.

From Lithia Springs, Ga. Popular Prices.

Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, ex-President Georgia State Medical Association, says: "Have used Bowden Lithia Water exclusively in bladder and kidney troubles, and the results have been most gratifying."

W. A. Wakely, M. D., Auburn, N Y., says: "Have obtained quick and satisfactory results in Chronic Rheumatism and Bright's Disease."

BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism, Insomnia, Gout and Nervous Dyspepsia. Post Card brings illustrated pamphlet.

Our Sparkling Table Water Has no Equal. For Sale in Any Quantity By

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The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

CAPITAL $25,000. SURPLUS $7,500.

Paid in interest to depositors within the past year over ten thousand dollars Did you get any of that money? If you will open an account in the Savings Bank and deposit a portion of your salary each week or month you will be surprised at the rapidity of its growth.

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Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $2.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1 00 per load.

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The Sampson Democrat.

Published Every Thursday.

L. A. BETHUNE, Editor and Prop'r

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MAXTON BUILDING

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Maxton, N. C.

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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

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Trade Mark. BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

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SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

NORTH, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3 20 p m, arrives Lumberton 5 20 p m, Pembroke 5 46 p m, Maxton 6 12 p m, Laurinburg 6 28 p m, Hamlet 6 53 p m. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 408 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a m, arrives Weldon 11 41 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m, Sanford 5 08 p m, Hamlet 6 53 p m, Rockingham 7 39 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 12 p m, Charlotte 10 25 p m, Athens 3 45 a m and Atlanta 6 30 a m. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 56 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m. Arrives Weldon 11 10 p m, Raleigh 2 07 a m, Sanford 3 35 a m, Hamlet 5 10 a m, Rockingham 5 23 a m, Wadesboro 5 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m, Lincolnton 10 20 a m, Shelby 11 a m, Rutherfordton 12 30 noon, Athens 1 15 p m, Atlanta 3 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 32—Leaves Hamlet 8 20 a m. Arrives Laurinburg 8 46 a m, Maxton 9 05 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 58 a m, Wilmington 12 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta

Train 403—Leaves Atlanta 1 10 p m. Arrives Athens 3 16 p m, Monroe 9 20 p m, Leaves Rutherfordton 4 35 p m. Arrives Shelby 5 55 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 18 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 9 31 p m, Rockingham 11 05 p m, Hamlet 11 20 p m, Sanford 1 02 a m, Raleigh 2 16 a m, Weldon 4 55 a m, Portsmouth 7 25 a m, Richmond 8 18 a m, Washington 12 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leave Hamlet 7 15 p m; arrives Gibson 8 10 p m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7 10 a m; arrives Hamlet 7 50 a m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8 40 a m; arrives Cheraw 10 00 a m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5 00 p m; arrives Hamlet 6 20 p m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.

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Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, Receiver

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect October 10th, 1897.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2. Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville	11 10 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 21 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 28 "
Leave Sanford	12 50 p m
Leave Climax	2 49 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 20 "
Leave Greensboro	3 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 18 "
Leave Walnut Cove	4 49 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 19 "
Arrive Mt Airy	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1. Daily.
Leave Mt Airy	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Leave Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 15 p m
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 35 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 56 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. Daily.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton	9 09 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No 3. Daily
Leave Fayetteville	4 45 p m
Leave Hope Mills	5 09 "
Leave Red Springs	5 42 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Rameur	6 40 a m
Leave Climax	8 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 35 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 22 "
Leave Climax	4 20 "
Arrive Ramseur	6 05 "

LOCAL FREIGHT TRAIN No. 8.

Leave Wilmington 3 55 p m.

Arrive Fayetteville 11 25 p. m. Passenger coach attached to this train.

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with Norfolk & Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

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The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

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ONEIDA,	Saturday,	Oct. 23
CROATAN,	Saturday,	Oct. 30

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Oct. 23
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Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday,	Oct. 19
ONEIDA,	Tuesday,	Oct. 26

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

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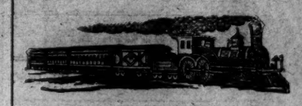


SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 12, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.59 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.58 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.48 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.30 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.20 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 39—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 9.30 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.58 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6 35 p m Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.54 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 56 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 56 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 3.30 p m and 8 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5 10 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 20, 1897

CUBAN EXPEDITIONS.

LARGE SUPPLIES OF ARMS AND AMMUNITION FOR INSURGENTS.

Their Agents Say It Is Useless to Talk of Autonomy—Nothing But Absolute Freedom Will be Accepted.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, October 19.—Three Cuban patriots direct from the scene of the terrible struggle on the island have been in St. Louis for the last fourteen days procuring and shipping ammunition for their compatriots. Their work is at last completed and they leave to-day for Cuba. One of them is authority for the statement that during their stay they have purchased and forwarded to a Texas port $225,000 worth of cartridges dynamite, rifles, pistols and saddlery intended for the insurgent army. Two expeditions conveying these supplies will sail to night from a Texas port between the city of Bagdad and Port Galveston and in the Carribean sea will meet two other expeditions that Sunday night set sail from New York.

The Cuban agents are Col. George Johnston, of the staff of Gen. Carlos Roloff, Col. Eduard Betancourt and Capt. H. A. Smith. Col. Johnston, who was interviewed by a reporter, said:

"Our mission has been to buy supplies for the departments of the East. Owing to quarantine we could do nothing at Key West and came to St. Louis. We have accomplished our mission here by the purchase of $225 000 worth of ammunition and the like."

Col. Johnston continued on the subject of Cuba:

"Autonomy? No! Nothing but absolute freedom We have 60 000 men under arms in Cuba. Virtually the whole island, except Havana, Matanzas and Cienfuegos, is in our hands. We could take Havana by means of dynamite, but we would have to notify the foreign consuls who, of course, would notify the enemy, else we would blow up our friends.

"At a meeting of representativess of the whole army of the East and of the West as late as October 4th, at Holquin, at which I was present, and which has not yet been mentioned in the papers, it was reiterated that Cuba would accept nothing but absolute freedom. It is a waste of time for the United States to deal with Spain relative to granting autonomy or anything else short of absolute freedom. What we want of the United States is the granting of belligerent rights. With that, in less than seventy-two hours we would have out of the various ports of the United States forty-two vessels flying the Cuban flag.

"Before the American Congress meets again there will be events which we hope will compel Congress to recognize us. We have been on the defensive heretofore. Now we are on the offensive. We begin to retaliate. The armies of the east and west are about to consolidate. They will, shortly, attack Matanzas. Possibly Havana will be assailed. We are about to show Congress that we mean business, if we have not shown it heretofore.

"With belligerent rights, the island will be free before December 31st, of this year. Without recognition we shall still be free before March, of next year.

MADRID October 19—The cabinet meeting has been postponed, owing to the illness of the Premier, Senor Sagasta. According to the present indications Senor Silvela, the leader of the Dissident Conservatives will become the leader of the Conservative party.

The *Heraldo*, of this city, says widespread disagreement exists among the Cuban Autonomists.

RAILROAD MEETINGS.

Directors Elected by Stockholders of the C. & O. and Southern R. R. Companies.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., October 19—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Company held to-day the following directors were elected: W. P. Anderson, Westerly, R. I.; George T. Bliss, C. H. Coster Chauncey M. Depew, Charles D. Dickey, Jr., Samuel Spencer, New York; M. E Ingalls, Cincinnati; Decatur Axtell, H. Wickham, Richmond. The annual reports of the president and directors were approved. The directors will meet in New York to elect officers.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Railway Company was held here to-day. All of the stock was represented. The following directors were elected for the ensuing year: Alexander B Andrews, Raleigh, N. C.; Joseph Bryan, Richmond Va; Charles H. Coster, Samuel Spencer, Harris C. Fahnenstock, Robert M Gallagay, New York; William M. Finley, Washington, D. C; Samuel M. Inman, Atlanta, Ga,; Skipwith Wilmer, Baltimore.

THE LOSS OF THE TRITON.

Only Forty-nine of the 230 Persons on Board So Far Heard From.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, October 19.—Three additional survivors of the wreck of the coasting steamer Triton, which went ashore between Dominica and Mariel, on the north coast of the province of Pinar del Rio, on Saturday morning last, have arrived here. The scene among the men, women and children when the steamer went ashore, the survivors state, was terrible. When the Triton foundered there were 230 persons aboard her, passengers and crew, and so far only forty-nine of this number have been heard from.

Gen. Weyler has ordered the release from the Isle of Pines, the Spanish penal settlement off the coast of Cuba, of eleven prisoners who were, it was alleged, concerned in the uprising which resulted in the imprisonment of Senorita Evangelina Cosio Y Cisneros, who recently escaped from the Casa Recojidas in this city, and who is now in New York.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Situation Unsatisfactory—Trading Light—Little Prospect of Improvement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 19.—The situation in dry goods is by no means satisfactory. Store trading to-day was light and showed little prospect of improvement. Mail orders were decidedly irregular, particularly in cotton goods. The situation in woollen goods was maintained in a manner which surpassed the expectations of traders generally. Prices were firm in both men's woollens and worsteds and in ladies dress goods, and the demand for spring was reported to be very steady. Print cloths have not sold as heavily under the very easy market prevailing as was expected. At 1⅜c spot extras can only be bought in small quantities. Futures were obtainable at 2 7-16c in small quantities.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE LUETGERT TRIAL.

Jury Still Locked Up—Little Probability of an Agreement—Said to be Eight for Conviction and Four for Acquittal.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 19.—Another night of suspense is ahead of the defendant in the Luetgert case. At 9 o'clock to-night the jury had gone to bed on cots, placed in the court room, and it was announced by Judge Tuthill that, even though by one chance in a million, the jurors should wake up and agree upon a verdict, there would be no announcement and the court room would under no circumstances be opened until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. A few minutes after 8 o'clock Judge Tuthill appeared at the Criminal Court building and gave positive orders that nobody should be admitted to the building under any circumstances.

Judge Tuthill went directly to the court room, where he was told by the bailiffs in charge of the jury that several of the jurymen were almost exhausted by the ordeal to which they had been subjected during the last thirty hours, and that if they were not allowed some rest it would certainly result in some of them becoming ill. The jury also sent word that there was no immediate prospect of an agreement, and under the circumstances the judge gave orders that they be permitted to drop the case and go to sleep. The cots were quickly dragged into the court room, and within a few minutes every juror was stretched out at full length and all consideration of the case was off until they should wake in the morning.

State's Attorney Deneen remained in his office until all hope of a verdict to-night had been abandoned. He is still hopeful of a verdict, but naturally looks upon a disagreement as the most likely outcome.

There were rumors of all kinds afloat during the evening, all of them being to the effect that the friends of Luetgert on the jury were weakening. It was known during the day that the vote stood eight to four, and to night the rumors were that it is ten for the death penalty and two for acquittal. A later rumor was that it stood eleven for hanging and one for acquittal. Juror Harley is admitted to be the stout friend of Luetgert and it is he who is leading the fight for acquittal.

Over in the jail Luetgert was, during the evening anxiously awaiting word from the jury room. He tried, as usual, to keep up an appearance of indifference and, as usual, made a failure of it. "If they don't agree," he said. "I get bail and I will be out of this. I can give bail for a million if they want that much. My wife is living somewhere, but I admit that she is having a lot of fun with me at present. There is one thing sure," the prisoner said, with great positiveness, "there will be no conviction in this case. It will be an acquittal or a disagreement."

Asked where he obtained his information, he smiled and said: "Oh, I know, you go 'long. I won't be convicted though, you can bet on that."

The opinion around the Criminal Court to-night was that all chance of a verdict has disappeared and that the result is practically certain to be a disagreement. It is considered possible and even probable that the State will have nine or ten of the jurymen and the defence the remainder. The chances to night, however, seem to favor a disagreement of eight for conviction and four for acquittal.

Two letters offering bribes to the foreman of the jury in the Luetgert case have been received by Judge Tuthill and are in possession of the State's Attorney. State's Attorney Deneen is not disposed to regard the attempted bribery seriously, but Inspector Schaack and Assistant State's Attorney McEwen look upon the matter with suspicion.

Just before retiring for the night the jury took another ballot, the vote standing nine for conviction and three for acquittal. The four jurors who have been standing out for acquittal are Behmiller, Barber, Holabird and Harley. The two latter are still for acquittal, but either Behmiller or Barber has come over to the State. There is much feeling against Harley among the jurors who favor the death penalty. They say he will not argue the case in any way, but sticks out solidly for Luetgert.

RAILROAD MEN'S CONVENTION

Important Subjects for Consideration by General Passenger and Ticket Agents in Session at St. Louis.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, October 16.—Delegates representing nearly every important railroad company in the country were present at the forty-second annual convention of the American Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents, which met at the Southern Hotel to-day for a three days' session. Dana J. Flanders, of the Boston & Maine, presided, and A. S. Smith, of the Lake Shore, acted as secretary. The annual address was delivered by P. S. Eustis, general passenger agent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road.

The question being discussed to-day in executive session is the inter-line ticket problem, which has been a constant worriment to general passenger agents for the past twenty years.

During the three days of the convention the following subjects will come up for discussion: Interchangeable mileage ticket of the Central Passenger Association; necessity for uniform safety paper for coupon tickets; excursion business in all its details; some rule to prevent the fraudulent use of tickets; uniformity of State laws relative to the handling of passengers and baggage and rates therefor; uniformity in the rules of railroad companies in handling passenger business and baggages; benefit derived from passenger traffic associations; entire abolishment of skeleton tickets.

Many of the visiting passenger and ticket agents have brought with them their families. For the purpose of entertaining them handsomely a committee has been appointed by the St. Louis Association.

DEATH OF GEO. M. PULLMAN.

The Palace Car Magnate Succumbed to Heart Disease—Various Estimates of His Wealth.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 19.—George M. Pullman, the palace car magnate, died at his residence in this city at 5 o'clock this morning. Mr. Pullman, who was in his sixty-sixth year, had not been enjoying his usual good health during the Summer. The extreme heat of last week greatly aggravated his disease, known to medical science as angina pectoris; but no serious trouble was anticipated.

Mrs. Pullman, who with her two sons —George and Sanger—has been on an Eastern tour, was wired at once and no funeral arrangements will be made until she arrives.

Mr. Pullman's wealth is estimated at from $19,000 000 to $30,000,000. His financial interests were confined to a few corporations the bulk of the holdings being stock in the Pullman Palace Car Company, of which he owned one-fifth. Some stock was held in Diamond Match and New York Biscuit. These securities were somewhat affected by the news of Mr. Pullman's death, but the declines were quickly recovered. Mr. Pullman was married in 1867 to Miss Hattie Sanger, of Chicago. Four children are living—George, Sanger, Harriet and Florence. The latter was married to Frank O. Lowden, of this city, two years ago.

YELLOW FEVER SCOURGE

NO ENCOURAGEMENT IN THE SITUATION AT NEW ORLEANS.

Forty-three New Cases and Three Deaths—Weather Warm and Sultry—Five New Cases at Mobile—One New Case at Montgomery.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, October 19.—There was neither hope nor encouragement in the local situation to-day. The deaths did not run up to an unusual mark, but there were enough of new cases and fatalities to disappoint those who believed the fever was on the wane.

As early as 7 o'clock this evening the total cases of the day were perilously near the number on the record breaking day recently. There were at that hour forty-three new cases. There have never heretofore been more than forty-nine.

Cases are being reported from all sections of the city. There have been in the city up to the present time nearly nine hundred cases. Of these more than a hundred have died. The record is bad enough as it stands, but it is quite possible that cases are being hidden, and as a matter of fact if they were reported the death rate would be less than it is now.

The weather is warm and sultry and business is depressed.

MOBILE, ALA, Oct. 19—The sixth week of the fever begins with five new cases, no deaths and eleven recoveries.

The temperature has steadily fallen all day and to-night the weather is chilly and fires are a comfort. The sky has been overcast for thirty hours and there has been slight rain.

The little town of Flomaton is depopulated. There were about 200 inhabitants, thirty of whom have taken some form of fever. The exodus is so complete that only the nurses and the sick remain.

JACKSON, MISS., October 19.—The State Board of Health in its official statement to-night reports one case at Clinton. The report from Nittayuma is that there are no new cases there to-day. All the sick are doing well. At Edwards four new cases of yellow fever are reported. All the patients are getting along very well.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., October 19.—The Board of Health reported at 6 p. m, three persons as having yellow fever. Two had been reported as suspicious some days ago, so that there is only one new case.

A NOTABLE ASSEMBLAGE.

Meeting of Catholic Archbishops in Washington—Directors of the Catholic University.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The meeting of Catholic archbishops to consider questions of policy and administration of the church in America and of the directors of the Catholic University to pass upon the affairs of that institution, has brought together a notable assemblage of Catholic dignitaries. All of the prominent figures of the church are represented, including Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop Martinelli, the papal delegate; Archbishop Corrigan, of New York; Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul; Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia; Archbishop Williams, of Boston; Archbishop Chapelle, of Santa Fe; Archbishop Keane, the American representative at Rome; Archbishop Riordan, of San Francisco; Bishop Barley, of New York; Bishop Foley, of Detroit; Bishop Horstman, of Cleveland; Bishop Mayes, of Covington; Bishop Hohan, of Erie; Bishop Bevan, Bishop Prendergrast and Monsignors Griffin, McMahon and Sharretti.

The meeting of the Directors of the University begins at 10 a. m. to-morrow. The directorate is made up of the cardinal and most of the archbishops, with five bishops and three lay members. Unusual interest has been attached to the meeting, owing to reports that charges would be preferred against Monsignor Shroeder, who occupies the chair of Dogmatic Theology in the University, with a view to his removal. It developed in the course of the discussion on the subject that Monsignor Shroeder has received assurances from Rome, which, in the opinion of his friends, will be decisive in putting an end to any movement toward his removal. It was stated by those conversant with the controversy that this assurance was in the form of a letter from the Pope, in substance, stating that Monsignor Shroeder must not be disturbed in his present field of work. The initial feature of the gathering of churchmen occurred at the University chapel this afternoon, when Dr. Conaty, rector of the University, was invested with the title and dignity of Monsignor. The assembled prelates wore their robes of office, the many archbishops and bishops in purple and the Cardinal in his scarlet robes and berreta. Vice Rector Garrigan read the papal brief, in which the Pope takes occasion to pay a high tribute to Dr. Conaty, giving him absolution, making him a Roman prelate of the Pontifical household, with the title of Monsignor. Cardinal Gibbon performed the ceremony of investiture and Archbishop Keane made the address.

ACQUISITION OF HAWAII.

Senator Morgan's Visit to Honolulu—More Enthusiastic Than Ever on the Subject of Annexation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., October 19.—Senator Morgan and his daughters, and Mr. F. M. Hatch, the new minister from Hawaii, were among the passengers who arrived from Honolulu on the steamship Belgic to day.

Senator Morgan expressed himself as well pleased with what he saw and the manner in which he was entertained while on the islands. He is more than ever enthusiastic on the subject of annexation, and intimated that Hawaii may become a part of this country before the close of the coming year.

"Hawaii is certainly going to be a State, but whether it will be at the time of its annexation or later, remains to be seen. Should it be annexed as a territory, the Hawaiian commissioners will recommend that the islands be admitted to Statehood, and a special act of Congress would undoubtedly follow. I have favored annexation from the beginning, but I was surprised, upon investigating the matter, to find that the argument in favor of the movement had been underestimated. In my opinion Hawaii is absolutely indispensible to the United States and we must have those islands. The only opposition found was that of a few of the Lilioukalani royalists, who have no weight over there and are for the most part royalists for revenue only."

Senator and the Misses Morgan will leave this place for their home at Selma, Ala., in a few days.

GOOD TIMES have come to those whom Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured of scrofula, catarrh, dyspepsia, rheumatism, weak nerves, or some other form of impure blood.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient. †

BICYCLE CONTEST.

Eddie Bald Won the Match Race Wit Fred. Longhead.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN., October 19.—The match race between Eddie Bald, of Buffalo, and Fred. Longhead, of Canada, was concluded at the colliseum track, Bald winning in the last few yards, making the mile in 2:08 3-5. Bald won the first heat of the race last night.

Tom Cooper was present at to-night's event, and he immediately challenged the winner for a match race to be decided in Memphis during the national circuit meet. Bald has not yet replied to the challenge.

SCOTTISH RITE MASONS.

Proceedings of the Supreme Council in Session at Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 19.—The Supreme Council of the Scottish Rite Masons at their session to-day heard the report of the finance committee and made arrangements for future sessions. On Friday night there will be conferred the thirty-third degree upon those selected by the nominating committee. Thursday afternoon memorial services will be held over the grave of Albert Pike.

WARM WIRELETS

Jack Stelzener defeated Joe E McAuliffe, of San Francisco, in the fifteenth round last night, at Los Angeles, Cal.

A dispatch from Corunna, says that Marshal Blanco, the newly appointed governor general of Cuba, sailed for Havana yesterday.

Van Wyck leads in the betting on the N. Y Stock Exchange. Odds are good two to one that he will win in the race for the mayoralty.

The letter of Robert A Van Wyck, Tammany candidate for mayor, accepting the nomination, was given out last night. It discusses municipal affairs solely.

A Belgrade, cable says: The cabinet has resigned. It is supposed the resignation of the ministers is connected with the return of ex King Milan to the Servia capital.

President McKinley will attend the funeral of the late Admiral Worden today. Secretary Long will be one of the pall-bearers and other members of the cabinet will be present.

President Samuel Compers has issued a call to all affiliated Unions for the seventeenth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, to be held at Nashville, Tenn., December 13th next.

While Mrs. W. H. Wallace, of Lunenburg, Va., was in the yard yesterday a can of oil exploded in her house. The flames spread so rapidly that she could not rescue her three small children, all of whom were burned to death.

MARKETING IN PARIS.

People Buy In Homeopathic Quantities In Many Different Places.

As it is more and more the tendency among Americans to select some specialty of profession, the same proclivity is displayed here in a rude way among provision dealers. The butcher sells only beef, mutton and lamb. The tripier has sole claim to the head, brains, liver, heart, feet, etc. If one wishes fowl, he must go to the fruiterer, and there are others who have the monopoly of game. If two men hire a store in the same building, the goods of one cannot be like those of his neighbor. With this brief suggestion of the divisions, it is easy to see that marketing becomes something more than giving an order over a telephone wire.

The streets in the morning are quite filled with women making their daily purchases. Nearly every woman carries a basket or net bag. Since fruit and vegetables seldom have paper, the latter discloses much of her bill of fare. Being obliged to go to each store, she generally carries her groceries. But they may be delivered by a boy who balances a flat basket on his head and often reads a newspaper on his way. He would make a good messenger boy. The greater part of trading is done outside the store at low counters or with street venders. To their carts is attached a harness which either monsieur or madame slips over the shoulders. The women's voices as they call their wares are fearfully vibrant and heavy. Those must have been terrible sounds given by the starving market women when they assailed the palace at Versailles. The loud cry of one advertising her goods makes the stranger shudder.

Other women, in contrast to these, are those who sell fish in the great wholesale markets. They are rich. They wear a bonnet with real lace, and true diamonds glitter on their unclean, odorous hands. Their dress is of excellent material, oovered with a white apron.

The baker with a suit of white is patronized for bread at least by nearly every family in Paris. It is found in all shapes and varieties. Just before it is taken from the oven steam is turned in upon it, giving a very brown crust. It is said that France has been famed for its bread since the seventeenth century. It seems very possible, if one were to judge the date of the make from the hardness of its crust. The French breakfast consists of a roll and a cup of coffee. These were our first sentiments about the custom:

Young sister Pauline
Went to the cuisine
To get her poor self some food,
But when she got there
The cuisine was bare,
A study, as 'twere, in the nude!

The workmen, who have 12 hours a day of labor, take a roll or two for the second meal as well, with a supplement at "the seller of wines." Children at play eat bread as "young America" eats candy and chews gum. Passersby carry bread, without a wrapping, under the arm or in work aprons, or a child measures his length with a long, narrow stick of it. A partial loaf has often with it one thick slice added to make the weight exact. But it must be a fastidious person who insists on having his bread done up in paper. — Pauline Cushing in Zion's Herald.

A Great Loss.

Chicago Girl—Oh, auntie, how provoking! Some wretch has stolen my purse.

Auntie—Mercy, child! Was there much money in it?

C. G. (sobbing)—N-no. Only my car fare and the one letter Mr. Softe wrote to me with which I could bring him up for breach of promise if necessary. How dreadfully unlucky!—Boston Traveler.

John Brown.

I met him, says Colonel Higginson in The Atlantic, in his room at the American House (No. 126) in March, 1858, and saw before me a man whose mere appearance and bearing refuted in advance some of the strange perversions which have found their way into many books, and which often wholly missed the type to which he belonged. In his thin, worn, resolute face there were the signs of a fire which might wear him out and practically did so, but nothing of pettiness or baseness, and his talk was calm, persuasive and coherent. He was simply a high minded, unselfish, belated Covenanter, a man whom Sir Walter Scott might have drawn, but whom such writers as Nicolay and Hay, for instance, have utterly failed to delineate.

To describe him in their words as "clean, but coarse," is curiously wide of the mark. He had no more of coarseness than was to be found in Habakkuk Mucklewrath or in George Eliot's "Adam Bede." He had, on the contrary, that religious elevation which is itself a kind of refinement, the thing one may see expressed in many a venerable Quaker face at yearly meeting. Coarseness absolutely repelled him. He was so strict as to the demeanor of his men that his band was always kept small, while that of Lane was large. He had little humor and none of the humorist's temptation toward questionable conversation.

Fruit and Digestion.

Why do we at the end of a heavy dinner eat cooked fruits? Simply because the acids and peptones in the fruit assist in digesting the fats so abundant in this kind of food. When we want their digestive action even more developed, we take them after dinner in their natural, uncooked state as dessert. In the past ages instinct has taught men to do this, while today science tells them why they did it, and this same science tells us that fruit should be eaten as an aid to digestion of other foods more than it is now. Cultivated fruits, such as apples, pears, cherries, strawberries, grapes, etc., contain on analysis very similar proportions of the same ingredients. Digestion depends upon the action of pepsin in the stomach on the food, which is greatly aided by the acids of the stomach. Fats are digested by these acids and the bile from the liver. Now, the acids and peptones in fruit peculiarly assist the acids of the stomach. Only lately it is said that even royalty has been taking lemon juice in tea instead of sugar, and lemon juice has been prescribed largely by physicians to help weak digestion simply because these acids exist very abundantly in the lemon.—New York Ledger.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpariel type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

We are prepared to accommodate Boarders at No. 5⅝, south side of Market, between Fifth and Sixth streets. Bath Room with hot and cold water and other facilities for comfort. Ed Wilson Manning. sun wed fri oc 17 3t*

Ship your country produce to L. Tate Bowden. He has no specialty, but handles everything. oc 9 15t

Bicycle for sale—A Fowler Wheel, cost $100; good order; can be bought for $25. Apply at STAR office. oc 17 tf

M. Kirschbaum, Hatmaker and Furrier. Hats Furwear and Clothing Cleaned and Repaired. Caps made to order. Satisfaction guaranteed, No. 18 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 17 3t*

All Wool Carpets at prices that will surprise you. The best Ladies' Black Hose at 25 cents per pair ever sold in this city. Other bargains too numerous to mention, at J. J. Shepard's, 18 Market street. oc 17 tf

Your Eyes—Dr. Childs, the Specialist Optician can be consulted free of charge the balance of this month at 517 Princess, corner Sixth street. oc 10 8t sun thrs

A first-class Coat Maker is wanted at once at Baker & Dunn's, Newbern, N. C. Write to the above with your recommendations and prices. oc 15 1w

W. V. Hardin, corner Second and Princess streets, fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco, New River Oysters in any style Polite and attentive clerks. Satisfaction guaranteed. oc 14 tf

M. C. Benson has removed to 106 Dock street, where he solicits consignments of all classes of country produce Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, and Pork a specialty. oc 6 tf

If you want to drink something that is good and refreshing, you should buy your Teas and Coffees from the Atlantic Tea Company, corner of Front and Market streets, where you can rest assured that you always get the best. oc 3 tf

Notice—I attend to the collection of monthly accounts as well as the collection of rents. All collections made promptly and returns made when desired Wm. Sheehan, Jr., 122 Princess street. sep 30 tf

Always Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 93. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c37

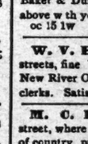
100,000 Cigars.

500 Boxes Tobacco.
50 Bags Coffee.
100 Buckets Candy.
100 Cases Star Lye.
50 Bbls. choice Porto Rico Molasses.
100 Boxes Soap.
For sale at rock bottom prices.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market Street.

oc 14 tf

FOR RENT.



HOUSE CORNER GRACE AND Fourth streets. Modern improvements.

Two houses on Princess between Ninth and Tenth.

House on Dock between Seventh and Eighth.

House corner of Second and Nun.

House on Third between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Also five rooms; modern improvements; with a nice family. Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.
oc 17 tf

OUR AIR TIGHT

Magic Heating

Stoves

have arrived. This is by long odds the very best and most economical

Wood Heating Stove

now on the market.

Get the Best for Your Money.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
oc 8 tf

DIXIE OIL COMPANY,

Wilmington Branch.

J. E. CROW, Agt.

Office, Water Street.

Warehouse, Water Land.

Illuminating and Lubricating

Oils and Greases.

To the Jobbing trade of Wilmington:

The Dixie Oil Company is chartered under the laws of Georgia, has ample capital and is entirely independent of all trusts and combinations. We propose to carry large stocks of highest grades in choice cooperage and give prompt delivery to dealers only of SAFE OILS, superior in burning qualities to any ever offered here at same prices asked for impure oils. We do not propose to sell you and your customers also, so shall not put a warehouse at every country cross-roads to catch your customer's business.

We solicit your valued patronage on business principles.

Dixie Oil Company.
S. P. SHOTTER, President.

Wilmington, Sept. 29, 1897.
sep 29 tf

TWO NEW LOADS JUST RECEIVED.

HORSES AND MULES AT ALL TIMES.

F. T. MILLS,
sep 24 tf 113 and 114 North Water St.

WORTH & WORTH

OFFER FOR SALE

Best Quality, Full Weight

Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

Lard, Molasses,

MEAL, SALT, LIME CEMENT,

Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUE.

Bagging and Ties

AT Low Prices.

au 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE SOUTHERN MILLING AND LUMBER JOURNAL,

By Z. W. WHITEHEAD,

Wilmington, N. C.

Published in the heart of the long-leaf and yellow pine belt of the South.

Indispensable to timber men and lumber dealers generally.

Careful and trustworthy correspondents at all lumber centers and commercial markets.

Branch offices in Norfolk, Va.; Washington, D. C.; Philadelphia, Pa.; New York, N. Y.; Atlanta, Ga.; Charleston, S. C.; New Orleans, La., and Chicago, Ill.

Full and complete market reports every week.

Subscription price $2 50 a year.
sep 26 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 26th TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 3.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View at 5.00 a. m., and 5.50 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m, and 6.00 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 5.00 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
Superintendent.
sep 25 t

House Furnishings.

Read the Prices Quoted.

WINDOW SHADES:
Cloth Shades in colors, size 3x6 feet, only 25 cents each.
Cloth Shades in colors, size 3x7 feet, only 30 cents each.

WINDOW SHADES:
PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x6 feet, only 55c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x7 feet, only 65c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x8 feet, only 75c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x9 feet, only 85c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 40 inches wide by 6 feet long, 75c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 40 inches wide by 7 feet long, 85c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 40 inches wide by 9 feet long, $1.00.

Don't forget those WOOL CARPETS at 59c yard.
75 prices Upholstery Goods, Damask, Brocatelles, Velours and Tapestries 50, 75c, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 yard.

CLOAKS AND CAPES.

We have our full line of KID GLOVES in black and colors—for Ladies and Gentlemen.

The largest line LADIES' DRESS GOODS ever shown in Wilmington.

Blankets, Ladies' Children's and Men's Underwear.

Fifty rolls Matting just received.

A. D. BROWN,
Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,
No. 29 North Front St.
oc 17 tf

DO YOU NEED A CARPET?

BEING OVERSTOCKED ON

INGRAIN AND EXTRA SUPER CARPETS

We will offer during this week 5c off on every yard we sell. This is a bargain. We also have a complete line of

Brussels, Velvet and Moquet Carpets.

Special values are offered this week in

Art Squares, Rugs, Blankets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, &c., &c.

New Wraps for Ladies and Children.

FULL LINE OF BRAID FOR DRESS TRIMMINGS.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

WEAR THE W. B. CORSET. No. 9 North Front street. oc 10 tf

BURIED IN THE MINES

OF

Virginia and Tennessee

are treasures as precious to life as those of Golconda. You will find some of its best samples right here in our yard. Our

Banner and Jellico Coals

will be found a treasure to those who cook, bake, brew or manufacture.

Housewives prize it for its economy and merit. When you buy from us there is no dirt or stones

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94 & 94. Inter-State Telephone 146.
oc 17 tf

When you wish to talk Stoves and Ranges just bear in mind Buck's goods are the finest and best made in America. This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other Stoves from the cheapest up.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Gen'l Agents,
"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. sep 9 tf

STATEMENT OF ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of Business Oct. 5th, 1897, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$603,844 70	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	80 98	Surplus	$55,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	55,000 00	Undivided profits	14,106 70— 69,106 70
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	49,500 00
Due from other Banks	307,585 98	Total Deposits	688,008 07
Cash on hand	56,749 80—364,335 12		
Total	$931,704 77	Total	$931,704 77

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Oct. 5th, '95.	Oct. 5th, '96.	Oct. 5th, '97
Deposits	575,000	$646,000	$688,000
Surplus and Net Profits	50,100	52,800	69,100
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.
Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. oc 10 tf

Bargains at Rehder's

Near Fourth Street Bridge.

Heavy Blankets	39c	Danish Cloth	10c yd
Nice Ladies' Capes	50c	25c Neckties	12c
Heavy Homespun	5c yd	$3.50 Mandolins and Guitars	$2.25
10c Canton Flannel	8c yd	Heavy Socks	5c pr
Red and White Flannel	15c yd	$3.00 Flannel Undershirts	$1.98
Best Machine Cotton	3c spool	Sweet Soap	3c
All Silk and Wool Dress Goods	35c yd	$1 50 Columbia Bicycle Lamps	98c
$1.25 Dress Goods	85c yd	Bicycle Bells 25c, Graphite 5c, Cyclometers worth $1 50	98c
Extra Large $1.50 Rugs	85c	Window Shades	17c and upwards
Good Mattings	10c	Bargains in School Shoes.	
House Slippers	25c pair	Children's Cloaks	50c and upwards
Men's $1 25 Solid Leather Shoes	95c	Lace Curtains only	45c pair
Best Calicoes only	5c yd	New Stock of Zephyrs and Saxony Wool.	
Men's $6.50 All Wool Suits	$3 00	New Line Stamped Linen, Embroidery Rings, and Silks.	
A good Undershirt	15c	Felt Sailors, all colors	10c
Boys' Heavy Knee Pants	35c	Hosiery	5c
Men's Heavy Pants	50c	Yard Wide Carpets	10½c, 15 and 25c
Ladies' Kid Gloves, size 5½ and 6	25c	60c Wool Carpets	45c yd
$1.25 Kid Gloves	98c Warranted	Brussels Carpets	50c yd
Men's and Boys' Caps	15c		
Men's Crush Hats	25c		

Greatest Stock! Best Variety! Lowest Prices!

J. H. Rehder & Co.

Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 218.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up. oc 3 tf